ANNEX

**1. SPECIFIC DATA AND STATISTICS**

A. General measures of implementation

**Table 1: Amount of funds for parental care and family benefits in € by years**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Rights/Year | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| Child benefit | 221,347,098 | 217,624,215 | 220,435,748 | 228,074,528 | 236,635,434 | 246,051,387 | 249,401,008 |
| Parental allowance | 8,349,430 | 9,221,143 | 10,584,833 | 10,565,461 | 10,167,992 | 8,982,615 | 7,622,735 |
| Childbirth grant | 4,416,198 | 4,432,599 | 4,395,739 | 4,477,485 | 4,454,241 | 6,052,764 | 5,326,928 |
| Large family allowance | 10,399,094 | 10,324,622 | 10,527,328 | 10,638,237 | 10,867,905 | 11,055,335 | 12,382,249 |
| Special childcare allowance | 8,169,824 | 8,534,573 | 8,545,584 | 8,988,706 | 9,532,466 | 10,143,158 | 10,924,243 |
| Partial payment for loss of income | 6,066,950 | 6,190,444 | 6,386,455 | 6,497,166 | 6,667,593 | 6,751,200 | 7,081,520 |
| Vignette allowance (large family) | / | / | / | / | / | / | 28,270 |

**Table 2: Amount of funds for Health Protection and Promotion Programmes (MH) implemented by non-governmental organizations and intended for children**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Year | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| All Programmes | 397,000 | 397,000 | 615,000 | 615,000 | 767,333 | 767,333 | 767,333 | \*0/00 |

\*No data yet

**Table 3: Budget expenditure on policy - Education and sport**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Education and sport in EUR | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| Management and support activities in education and sport | 22,350,177 | 21,997,061 | 24,942,093 | 39,605,126 | 68,565,286 | 85,508,937 | 67,450,178 | 69,015,108 |
| Pre-school education | 19,178,706 | 21,056,446 | 16,688,863 | 16,763,308 | 16,494,405 | 18,454,578 | 20,338,970 | 23,970,682 |
| Primary education | 725,591,702 | 718,582,987 | 718,639,325 | 751,493,683 | 785,659,439 | 819,619,174 | 885,299,787 | 958,171,599 |
| Secondary and vocational education | 300,827,776 | 289,664,122 | 282,655,454 | 289,223,492 | 298,182,204 | 305,686,161 | 323,041,938 | 339,800,998 |
| Post-secondary and tertiary education | 268,988,024 | 265,319,313 | 263,653,821 | 277,337,125 | 289,840,069 | 303,944,647 | 323,439,108 | 341,891,093 |
| Adult education | 3,024,587 | 3,044,817 | 3,053,057 | 3,091,042 | 3,091,390 | 4,361,399 | 4,509,273 | 4,625,972 |
| Assistance in education | 30,132,841 | 32,128,021 | 36,080,386 | 41,626,862 | 47,871,730 | 49,375,452 | 48,835,296 | 38,210,421 |
| Sport and recreation | 11,873,914 | 10,391,969 | 9,681,967 | 13,111,643 | 12,589,022 | 17,602,823 | 17,939,505 | 15,722,055 |
| Total amount | 1,381,967,726 | 1,362,184,735 | 1,355,394,966 | 1,432,252,280 | 1,522,293,544 | 1,604,553,171 | 1,690,854,056 | 1,791,407,928 |

**Table 4: Amount of funds for Psychosocial Assistance Programmes for Children, Adolescents and Their Families and Family Centres**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Programmes/Year | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| All programmes | 383,216 | 384,045 | 382,586 | 382,586 | 374,963 | 667,858 | 669,791 | 668,118 |

**Table 5: Funds intended for social protection programmes by years and areas**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Programmes/Year | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| Prevent violence | 2,303,410.50 | 2,228,732.50 | 2,462,449.00 | 2,950,476.10 | 3,309,442.70 | 3,334,898.40 | 3,353,954.95 | 3,342,550.00 |
| Social rehabilitation of addicted persons | 3,091,829.00 | 2,987,865.40 | 3,256,050.50 | 3,637,693.40 | 3,876,211.60 | 3,778,985.50 | 3,826,796.23 | 4,069,690.00 |
| Mental health | 2,723,269.10 | 2,500,037.60 | 2,533,264.60 | 2,855,350.00 | 2,973,695.60 | 2,981,184,70 | 3,186,120.51 | 3,288,150.00 |
| Homeless | 917,496.10 | 923,667.60 | 921,833.50 | 1,164,207.90 | 1,341,040.30 | 1,499,104.70 | 1,573,104.72 | 1,532,574.00 |
| Children and adolescents | 800,117.40 | 844,248.90 | 947,126.70 | 1,107,445.40 | 1,066,723.70 | 1,120,254.20 | 1,227,290.72 | 1,246,455.70 |
| Elderly | 614,873.90 | 593,985.40 | 695,347.00 | 908,665.50 | 692,275.30 | 721,425.30 | 798,075,34 | 649,715.34 |
| Disabled persons | 446,356.4 | 519,408.10 | 768,063.70 | 480,567.10 | 1,007,351.40 | 537,598.10 | 421,400.00 | 311,350.00 |
| Roma | 73,524.60 | 70,537.50 | 70,442.70 | 111,856.50 | 120,758.10 | 273,977.80 | 159,050.00 | 159,050.00 |
| Other | 168,454.10 | 168,454.10 | 330,588.10 | 469,907.70 | 615,392.40 | 602,742.40 | 618,792.70 | 687,542.39 |

**Table 6: Campaigns and domestic violence awareness projects**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Year | Campaign/project implemented or co-funded by | Campaign/project name and purpose |
| 2013-2015 | MDDSZ and police | Vesna – to Live a Life Free of Violence. The most important objectives of the campaign were drawing attention to the problem of violence against women and girls, and awareness raising of women and girls who have experienced violence (and potential victims) as well as experts and the general public. |
| 2015 | MDDSZ | A conference on Sexual Child Abuse Should Not Remain a Taboo was held at the National Assembly to mark the European Day on the Protection of Children against Sexual Abuse and Sexual Exploitation. The aim of the event was to raise awareness among the general public concerning the issues of sexual abuse of children and its consequences. |
| 2017 and 2019 | MDDSZ | Awareness raising project regarding cyber violence and bullying of women and girls - Click-off! Stop cyber violence against women and girls. The aim of the project was to address cyber violence and bullying as a form of violence against women and girls reflecting unequal power relations between women and men, and to upgrade the existing national activities to prevent cyber violence and bullying through integration of the gender perspective. The main aims of the project included: awareness raising, prevention and elimination of cyber violence stereotypes, raising awareness and increasing knowledge of all stakeholders, enhancing knowledge of experts to ensure an appropriate system of prevention and protection, sharing experience and best practices. |
| 2016 | MDDSZ | Media campaign on awareness raising and information - Violence Against Children. The aim of the campaign was to raise awareness among people of the importance of reporting (a suspicion of) violence against children. |
| 2017 | MDDSZ and ZPMS | Conscious Parenting, to promote values and principles of parenting. The aim of the campaign was to make parents aware that using physical punishment of children is unacceptable, and to point out that permissive education is not the only alternative as it also does not yield the desired results. Moreover, the aim of the campaign was to make parents aware that methods of education in accordance with the principles of positive parenting can be taught (provided by the MDDSZ through family assistance programmes). |
| 2017–2019 | MZ | Co-funded the “Safe Without Violence” project with the “CAP programme” for the prevention of violence and abuse of children being carried out within the framework of the project. Primary prevention is one of the key factors for the protection of children against various forms of violence and abuse. The programme is designed for children and staff in kindergartens and schools. It presents to children in a positive manner, suitable for their age, situations of violence and intensifies them so that children can react to them appropriately and protect themselves. |
| 2018-2020 | Police and MIZŠ | Two-year project: Peer Violence – reducing violence among young people. The main purpose of the project is to reduce peer violence in Slovenia and violence against teachers. The project is aimed at making recommendations and drawing up guidelines for the identification of risks and improvement of existing prevention and intervention measures. |
| 2018-2020 | MZ | Co-funds the implementation of a research project on the prevalence and long-term impact of burdensome experiences in childhood on health and functioning in adulthood. This project is aimed at identifying the prevalence of burdensome experiences in childhood, which includes exposure to sexual violence or abuse. |
| 2018 | MDDSZ | The SOS helpline society carried out the “Everything Except Yes Means No” project aimed at raising awareness among girls and boys about gender stereotypes (and overturning gender stereotypes related to sexual violence) as well as about consenting to sexual activity. The following year, the SOS helpline society used the “Drop of water hollows a stone” project to upgrade awareness raising activities about unacceptability of dating violence against girls online. Also in 2019, the DrogArt Association carried out the #praviladejtanja (dating rules) awareness raising MDDSZ co-funded project, warning girls of specific signs of a violent relationship. |
| 2020 | Police and Faculty of Criminal Justice and Security | Participate in the international IMPRODOVA project receiving funding from the European Union’s Horizon 2020 programme. The project focused on researching the cooperation between police and other agencies. The project addresses important issues such as: why do victims rarely report such criminal offences, which human factors define effective police response and constitute examples of best practice of police work in networks formed by the police with other intervention agencies and so forth. |
| Ongoing | MZ | Project in the area of violence prevention for different populations in various settings. It presents to children in a positive manner, suitable for their age, issues related to violence and abuse and intensifies them so that children can react to them appropriately and protect themselves |

**Table 7: Projects and education in the area of raising awareness about forced and arranged marriages, projects in the area of migrants and victims of trafficking and other important projects**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Year | Project title | Description |
| 2018 | Vijolica (Violet) project  Implemented by Ključ Society | 3 preventive workshops in district youth centres in Ljubljana attended by 12 children, and 59 workshops in primary schools across Slovenia, of which four were 2-hour workshops attended by 1,149 children. Workshops in regions with a greater presence of the Roma community were held in Ljubljana, Murska Sobota, Kočevje, Maribor and Novo mesto. A total of 17 preventive workshops were carried out in those places. Roma children and migrant children also attended the workshops held in district youth centres. |
| 2018 | Telesnica project  Implemented by Ključ Society | 9 preventive workshops in educational institutions, youth care centres and group residences attended by 151 children, and 75 workshops in secondary schools across Slovenia, of which nine were 2-hour workshops attended by 1,886 adolescents. Some children in educational institutions attended the same workshops several times, which is why they were upgraded by programmes on choosing non-violent behaviour as well as on cyber traps and risks (cyber sexual abuse and online extortion of children). Workshops in regions with a larger presence of the Roma community were held in Ljubljana, Novo mesto, Maribor, Velenje, Krško, Višnja Gora. A total of 17 preventive workshops were carried out in those places. A public tender dealing with the same issues was also published in 2019. |
| 2018-2019 | Project Reinforcing of national consultation process in Slovenia by continuing the work and further developing the national Roma Platform – SIFOROMA2 and SIFOROMA3 implemented by UN | National conference “Together We Are More Successful: Minors Fleeing to Harmful Environments – i.e. early marriages of Roma children.” It was found that in addition to addressing the issues in a systematic manner the regional and/or local integration of key institutions is also crucial for both successful preventive and intervention activities. It was followed by two regional conferences – “Together We Are More Successful: Minors Fleeing to Harmful Environments” and “Together We Are More Successful: – Forced Marriages of Roma Children”. |
| 2019 | Police and Association of State Prosecutors | A Child in the Grip of the Past and Future (a lecture: Forced Marriages of Roma Girls) - 56 prosecutors and state prosecution office professionals, 57 judges and court professionals and 71 police employees. |
| 2019 | Association of State Prosecutors | Training days for prosecutors (a lecture: Behind Lowered Blinds – a human trafficking case study) - 181 state prosecutors and state prosecution office professionals. |
| 2017 | Unicef, PIC, Ljubljana University (Faculty of Law) | The “First Of All, A Child Is A Child” Handbook - on the rights of migrant and refugee children as well as minor asylum applicants. The aim of the handbook is to introduce the international and national regulations relating to the rights of migrant and refugee children. It is meant for individuals who are confronted on a daily basis by the aforementioned population of children; |
| 2016 | UOIM | A two-year pilot project on the placement of unaccompanied minors in UOIM dormitories. The project evaluation showed that the project represented a step forward in ensuring appropriate protection and care of unaccompanied minors |
| 2014 | Ključ Society | Three training sessions took place relating to human trafficking (including the Roma marriages issue). The training target groups included: staff at social work centres (CSDs), with one training session organised by the Social Chamber of Slovenia, staff at NGOs, crime police officers, prosecutors, Asylum Centre staff, Aliens Centre staff, criminal judges (regular annual training in Gotenica) |
| 2013 | Ključ Society | Four training sessions took place relating to human trafficking (the Roma marriages issues were included in each of them). Training target groups: primary and secondary school staff, CSD staff, criminal judges and state prosecutors, crime police officers and prosecutors (regular annual training in Gotenica). |
| 2013-2014 | Police | 16 training sessions relating to the Roma issues aimed at preventing discrimination. Training target groups: police officers. |
| 2014 | Police | 15 training sessions were held as part of the SKUPA-J (together) project titled “Raising awareness among public servants, Roma and the general public” in order to overcome social obstacles and improve coexistence. Training target groups: mainly staff at CSDs. |

**Table 8: Number of forced marriages of children from Slovenia by gender (data from CSDs and other organisations), research study on Forced marriages of Roma girls**

|  | | In 2013 | | | 2009-2013 | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| girls | boys | total | girls | boys | total |
| CSD | Litija CSD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Ljubljana Moste Polje CSD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Maribor CSD | 2 | 6 | 8 | 2 | 5 | 7 |
| Žalec CSD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 5 |
| Total | 2 | 6 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 14 |
| Other organisations | Ključ Society | 4 | 0 | 4 | 30 | 0 | 30 |
| Mozaik – Children’s society | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 8 |
| Regional Safe House Society - Celje | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Regional Safe House Society - Slovenj Gradec | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| The SOS helpline society for women and children who are victims of violence | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Terne Roma – Young Roma society | 2 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 9 |
| Society for Nonviolent Communication – Safe house for women and children victims of violence | 5 | 0 | 5 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| Women’s Counselling Society Ljubljana – Crisis Centre | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 8 |
| Institute EMMA (Krško) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |

**\***According to CSDs, forced marriages among Roma children in Slovenia are moderately spread (2.8), and spread according to the data from other organisations (3.7); however, on average they all agree that the problem is more serious than according to the known number of official reports (3.9). On a 1-5 scale, 1 means not spread at all and 5 widespread.

\*\*Two NGOs recording the highest number of cases in 2013 encounter the forced marriages problem more frequently than other organisations as they focus on working with persons with such experiences.

\*\*\*NGOs encounter forced marriages more frequently than CSDs, but we should be attentive when interpreting such data. Various organisations have frequently identified the same person and as a result, such data should not be displayed at an aggregate level, but separately.

**Table 9: Number of forced marriages of alien children who move to Slovenia by gender (data from CSDs and other organisations), research study on Forced marriages of Roma girls**

|  | | In 2013 | | | 2009-2013 | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| girls | boys | total | girls | boys | total |
| CSD | Litija CSD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Maribor CSD | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Trebnje CSD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Vrhnika CSD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Zagorje ob Savi CSD | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 3 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| Other organisations | Ključ Society | 4 | 0 | 4 | 25 | 0 | 25 |
| Mozaik Society – Children’s society | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| Society - Terne Roma – Young Roma | 4 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Society for Nonviolent Communication – Safe house for women and children victims of violence | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| Society - Life without violence and injustices in support of victims of criminal offences - Novo mesto Safe House | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Association Against Sexual Abuse | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

\*NGOs encounter forced marriages more frequently than CSDs, but we should be careful when interpreting such data. Various organisations have frequently identified the same person and as a result, such data should not be displayed at an aggregate level, but separately.

**Table 10: Training of judges, public prosecutors, court professionals (on children's rights) - organized by Judicial Training Centre**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | Training |
| 2020 | Enforcement school (407 judges and court professionals, 1 prosecutor).  A session for judges and court professionals was held at the training event, focused on enforcement in cases relating to custody of a child and to personal contacts with children with an emphasis on cases of removing taking children from parents. The following lectures took place as part of the session:   * Recovery in cases of personal contacts through a fine; * The role of judges in enforcement in family matters; * The role of an enforcement officer in enforcements in family matters; * “Child Advocacy” as an example of best practice complying with Article 12 of the Convention on the Rights of the Child (CRC);   The role of social work centres in enforcement in family matters. |
| 2020 | Judicial training on civil law (the first session took place, whereas the second was moved to 2021 due to the epidemiological situation): 153 judges and court professionals.  A family law session took place at the training event. The following lectures took place as part of the session:   * The child as a party to proceedings; * The position of social work centres in procedures to decide on temporary injunction;   Foster care and guardianship. |
| 2020 | As part of the cooperation of the Judicial Training Centre with the Council of Europe HELP Programme the Centre carried out once again the Family Law and Human Rights webinar. The webinar was held from July to September: 26 state prosecutors, state prosecution office professionals, judges and court professionals, (chief) state attorneys and state attorney candidates. |
| 2019 | Seminars and workshops on the occasion of the adoption of the new Family Code (8 sessions) (total number of participants at all sessions): 123 judges and court professionals. |
| 2019 | 7 and 8 January 2019: Ljubljana – first session: 14 judges and court professionals. |
| 2019 | 14 and 15 January 2019: Maribor – first session: 17 judges and court professionals.  21 and 22 January 2019: Koper – first session: 12 judges and court professionals. |
| 2019 | 28 and 29 January 2019: Celje – first session: 15 judges and court professionals. |
| 2019 | 4 and 5 February 2019: Ljubljana - second session: 22 judges and court professionals. |
| 2019 | 11 and 12 February 2019: Maribor – second session: 13 judges and court professionals. |
| 2019 | 11 and 12 February 2019: Strunjan – second session: 16 judges and court professionals. |
| 2019 | 18 and 19 February 2019: Ljubljana – third session: 14 judges and court professionals. |
| 2019 | Judicial training on civil law 2019, 6-8 March 2019 and 20-22 March 2019, Moravske Toplice: 392 judges and court professionals. |
| 2019 | A Child in the Grip of the Past and Future conference, 1 and 2 April 2019, Brdo pri Kranju: 56 prosecutors and state prosecution office professionals, 57 judges and court professionals and 71 police employees. |
| 2019 | School for free legal assistance 2019, 4 and 5 June 2019, Ljubljana: 55 judges and court professionals. |
| 2019 | Click-off! Stop cyber violence against women and girls project (three sessions): a total of 17 judges and prosecutors were registered. |
| 2019 | State Attorney Days, 10 and 11 June 2019, Otočec: 84 (chief) state attorneys, state attorney candidates, state attorney office staff. |
| 2018 | Conference on draft Non-Contentious Civil Procedure Act, 11 September 2018, Ljubljana: 85 judges and court professionals, 46 lawyers. |
| 2018 | Seminar for mediators in criminal cases, 12 September 2018, Ljubljana: 9 state prosecutors and state prosecution office professionals, 30 judges and court professionals. |
| 2018 | Mental Health Days 2018, 17 and 18 September 2018, Portorož: 42 judges and court professionals, 4 lawyers. |
| 2018 | Training days for prosecutors 2018, 3 and 4 December 2018, Portorož: 185 state prosecutors and state prosecution office professionals. |
| 2018 | Judicial training on criminal law 2018, 17-19 October 2018 and 21-23 November 2018, Rogaška Slatina (total number of participants at both sessions): 291 judges and court professionals. |
| 2018 | Youth Crime, 17 December 2018, Ljubljana: 40 state prosecutors and state prosecution office professionals, judges and court professionals. |
| Regular annual | Traditional “In the Name of the Child” conference (focusing on children’s rights; for judges, state prosecutors, staff at social work centres (CSDs) and police |
| Regular annual | The aim of the conference is to gain knowledge, skills and competences for dealing with suspected criminal offences committed against children, particularly sexual abuse. The conference is to be attended by crime police officers, judges and child advocates. Furthermore, the aim is to ensure interinstitutional collaboration in identification and investigation of the aforementioned criminal offences as well as protection of children and secondary victimisation protection. |

**Table 11: Education of health professionals (on children's rights) -** **organized by Medical Chamber**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | Training |
| 2015 – 2020 Regular annual | Domestic violence. The 16-hour education and training focused on: improving competences of healthcare professionals for identification and dealing with domestic violence, presenting appropriate handling of domestic violence victims and improving collaboration between healthcare institutions and other competent services (a total of more than 2400 participants). |

**Table 12: Seminars and training of professional workers performing social security services - organized by the Social Chamber of Slovenia**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | Seminars and training |
| 2013 - 2020 | Every year there are one or two intended especially for social centres employees working with families and children. Attendance per seminar is approximately 50 participants. Seminars are financed by the Ministry of Labour, Family and Social Affairs. |
| 2013 - 2020 | Training on human trafficking for CSD staff. Training participants are made aware of the aforementioned issues, various forms of assistance, experience and best practice of representatives of organisations providing assistance in this area in Slovenia. |
| 2017 | “Strengthening the social security system in the area of protection of children and adolescents of refugees and migrants as well as unaccompanied children and adolescents”. The main aim of the project was to upgrade staff competences and competences of all those active in the area of social security relating to migrants and refugees |

**Table 13: Seminars and training of law enforcement personnel**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | Seminars and training |
| 2013-2020 | Raising awareness about topics related to trafficking in human beings, in particular children, is part of the teaching process at the Police Academy. Training of police officers and crime police officers encountering cases in their work where minors are dealt with as victims of human trafficking also takes place on a regular basis |
|  | Training sessions and conferences are organised annually on the investigation of cases of online child sexual abuse in Slovenia and abroad. For professionals: teachers, prosecutors, crime police officers, CSD staff etc. |

**Table 14: Seminars and training of Teachers**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | Training |
| Regular annual | Staff training programmes are regularly published and/or supported (published, inter alia, in the Catalogue of further training programmes. The programme Let’s stop peer violence - comprehensive assistance to children causing and those suffering violence, is currently ongoing. |

**Table 15: Training and conferences for professionals in the area of violence**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Year | Organiser | Training or conference title |
| 2013 | Social Chamber of Slovenia | Domestic violence – legal aspects |
| 2014 | Social Chamber of Slovenia | Psychosocial support for victims of violence – children and women with mental disabilities |
| 2014 | CIP | Crisis – Children – Violence |
| 2015 | Social Chamber of Slovenia | Domestic violence causes, impact and consequences |
| 2016 | Social Chamber of Slovenia | Modern media and their traps |
| 2016 | NIJZ | Prevention of sexual violence against children |
| 2017 | Social Chamber of Slovenia | Treatment of vulnerable children |
| 2017 | MDDSZ | Enhance capacity to detect, investigate and prosecute cyber violence and cyber bullying of girls and women |
| 2017 | MIZŠ, ZRSŠ, Education, Science and Culture Trade Union of Slovenia | Regional conferences on the provision of safe and nurturing learning environments and zero tolerance towards violence. An internet forum has also been created to collect opinions and proposals for improvements in this area. |
| 2018 | Social Chamber of Slovenia | Domestic violence prevention |
| 2018 | CIP | Violence against women and domestic violence, and Family relationships in interpersonal dependency |
| 2018 | MDDSZ | To improve the capacity to detect, investigate and prosecute cyber violence and harassment against girls and women |
| 2019 | Social Chamber of Slovenia | Security assessment in domestic violence and mental disorders, and supervised contacts  Supervised contacts |
| 2019 | MDDSZ | To improve the capacity to detect, investigate and prosecute cyber violence and harassment against girls and women |
| 2020 | Social Chamber of Slovenia | Supervised contacts and conversation with children and adolescents – methods and techniques |
| 2013-2018 | Police and Web Eye | Online child abuse conference. The aim of the conference was to provide participants with specific knowledge for dealing with abuse and controversial websites. |
| Regularly | Faculty of Medicine | Training on violence against children, including sexual abuse, for doctors takes place on a regular basis as part of paediatrics and family medicine specialisation |

**Table 16: Training and workshops in the area of foster care**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | Training |
| 2013-2019 | Every year 13 one-day sessions take place (basic and optional contents), except in 2014, when 14 training sessions were held for foster parents |
| Regular annual | CSDs hold annual training sessions for foster parents at the local level |
| 2014 | Workshop - Contracts for foster care and annexes |

B. Definition of the child

**Table 17: Number of children (by gender)**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **2013** | | | **2014** | | |
|  | TOTAL | M | F | TOTAL | M | F |
| Total population | 2,059,114 | 1,019,658 | 1,039,456 | 2,061,623 | 1,021,419 | 1,040,204 |
| ..0 years | 21,471 | 11,082 | 10,389 | 21,308 | 10,957 | 10,351 |
| ..1 year | 22,116 | 11,313 | 10,803 | 21,556 | 11,140 | 10,416 |
| ..2 years | 22,394 | 11,545 | 10,849 | 22,121 | 11,330 | 10,791 |
| ..3 years | 22,452 | 11,601 | 10,851 | 22,409 | 11,562 | 10,847 |
| ..4 years | 22,405 | 11,496 | 10,909 | 22,443 | 11,588 | 10,855 |
| ..5 years | 21,357 | 10,970 | 10,387 | 22,381 | 11,494 | 10,887 |
| ..6 years | 20,118 | 10,311 | 9,807 | 21,369 | 10,981 | 10,388 |
| ..7 years | 18,941 | 9,713 | 9,228 | 20,122 | 10,319 | 9,803 |
| ..8 years | 18,575 | 9,509 | 9,066 | 18,922 | 9,710 | 9,212 |
| ..9 years | 18,114 | 9,220 | 8,894 | 18,584 | 9,518 | 9,066 |
| ..10 years | 17,984 | 9,365 | 8,619 | 18,118 | 9,225 | 8,893 |
| ..11 years | 18,092 | 9,377 | 8,715 | 18,004 | 9,389 | 8,615 |
| ..12 years | 18,487 | 9,445 | 9,042 | 18,119 | 9,393 | 8,726 |
| ..13 years | 18,554 | 9,606 | 8,948 | 18,507 | 9,455 | 9,052 |
| ..14 years | 18,228 | 9,440 | 8,788 | 18,557 | 9,596 | 8,961 |
| ..15 years | 18,481 | 9,573 | 8,908 | 18,255 | 9,461 | 8,794 |
| ..16 years | 19,408 | 9,960 | 9,448 | 18,504 | 9,598 | 8,906 |
| ..17 years | 19,484 | 10,035 | 9,449 | 19,494 | 10,019 | 9,475 |
| ..18 years | 19,790 | 10,135 | 9,655 | 19,547 | 10,066 | 9,481 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **2015** | | | **2016** | | |
|  | TOTAL | M | F | TOTAL | M | F |
| Total population | 2,063,077 | 1,022,554 | 1,040,523 | 2,064,241 | 1,023,872 | 1,040,369 |
| ..0 years | 20,965 | 10,755 | 10,210 | 20,412 | 10,463 | 9,949 |
| ..1 year | 21,345 | 10,985 | 10,360 | 20,990 | 10,779 | 10,211 |
| ..2 years | 21,565 | 11,151 | 10,414 | 21,368 | 10,974 | 10,394 |
| ..3 years | 22,165 | 11,361 | 10,804 | 21,572 | 11,148 | 10,424 |
| ..4 years | 22,405 | 11,553 | 10,852 | 22,128 | 11,338 | 10,790 |
| ..5 years | 22,449 | 11,597 | 10,852 | 22,410 | 11,556 | 10,854 |
| ..6 years | 22,392 | 11,507 | 10,885 | 22,458 | 11,618 | 10,840 |
| ..7 years | 21,382 | 10,989 | 10,393 | 22,407 | 11,533 | 10,874 |
| ..8 years | 20,128 | 10,321 | 9,807 | 21,385 | 11,005 | 10,380 |
| ..9 years | 18,945 | 9,712 | 9,233 | 20,162 | 10,339 | 9,823 |
| ..10 years | 18,639 | 9,547 | 9,092 | 18,973 | 9,721 | 9,252 |
| ..11 years | 18,125 | 9,232 | 8,893 | 18,687 | 9,584 | 9,103 |
| ..12 years | 18,032 | 9,408 | 8,624 | 18,196 | 9,273 | 8,923 |
| ..13 years | 18,123 | 9,395 | 8,728 | 18,053 | 9,419 | 8,634 |
| ..14 years | 18,559 | 9,476 | 9,083 | 18,179 | 9,425 | 8,754 |
| ..15 years | 18,594 | 9,617 | 8,977 | 18,615 | 9,506 | 9,109 |
| ..16 years | 18,309 | 9,493 | 8,816 | 18,687 | 9,677 | 9,010 |
| ..17 years | 18,564 | 9,636 | 8,928 | 18,406 | 9,551 | 8,855 |
| ..18 years | 19,598 | 10,082 | 9,516 | 18,672 | 9,711 | 8,961 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **2017** | | | **2018** | | |
|  | TOTAL | M | F | TOTAL | M | F |
| Total population | 2,066,161 | 1,025,973 | 1,040,188 | 2,070,050 | 1,030,234 | 1,039,816 |
| ..0 years | 20,230 | 10,397 | 9,833 | 19,905 | 10,267 | 9,638 |
| ..1 year | 20,448 | 10,477 | 9,971 | 20,296 | 10,422 | 9,874 |
| ..2 years | 21,016 | 10,791 | 10,225 | 20,449 | 10,486 | 9,963 |
| ..3 years | 21,388 | 10,985 | 10,403 | 21,012 | 10,787 | 10,225 |
| ..4 years | 21,559 | 11,157 | 10,402 | 21,361 | 10,974 | 10,387 |
| ..5 years | 22,102 | 11,324 | 10,778 | 21,557 | 11,149 | 10,408 |
| ..6 years | 22,437 | 11,571 | 10,866 | 22,130 | 11,350 | 10,780 |
| ..7 years | 22,463 | 11,614 | 10,849 | 22,446 | 11,585 | 10,861 |
| ..8 years | 22,414 | 11,528 | 10,886 | 22,452 | 11,607 | 10,845 |
| ..9 years | 21,406 | 11,013 | 10,393 | 22,436 | 11,537 | 10,899 |
| ..10 years | 20,188 | 10,352 | 9,836 | 21,432 | 11,006 | 10,426 |
| ..11 years | 19,034 | 9,758 | 9,276 | 20,214 | 10,379 | 9,835 |
| ..12 years | 18,733 | 9,605 | 9,128 | 19,089 | 9,780 | 9,309 |
| ..13 years | 18,194 | 9,265 | 8,929 | 18,786 | 9,636 | 9,150 |
| ..14 years | 18,074 | 9,428 | 8,646 | 18,266 | 9,308 | 8,958 |
| ..15 years | 18,246 | 9,476 | 8,770 | 18,159 | 9,458 | 8,701 |
| ..16 years | 18,664 | 9,540 | 9,124 | 18,321 | 9,527 | 8,794 |
| ..17 years | 18,765 | 9,729 | 9,036 | 18,703 | 9,568 | 9,135 |
| ..18 years | 18,455 | 9,588 | 8,867 | 18,848 | 9,779 | 9,069 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **2019** | | | **2020** | | |
|  | TOTAL | M | F | TOTAL | M | F |
| Total population | 2,089,310 | 1,045,835 | 1,043,475 | 2,100,126 | 1,054,483 | 1,045,643 |
| ..0 years | 19,416 | 10,115 | 9,301 | 19,031 | 9,795 | 9,236 |
| ..1 year | 20,031 | 10,334 | 9,697 | 19,544 | 10,169 | 9,375 |
| ..2 years | 20,449 | 10,486 | 9,963 | 20,115 | 10,391 | 9,724 |
| ..3 years | 20,567 | 10,543 | 10,024 | 20,578 | 10,554 | 10,024 |
| ..4 years | 21,109 | 10,853 | 10,256 | 20,683 | 10,607 | 10,076 |
| ..5 years | 21,490 | 11,042 | 10,448 | 21,209 | 10,926 | 10,283 |
| ..6 years | 21,691 | 11,234 | 10,457 | 21,603 | 11,102 | 10,501 |
| ..7 years | 22,279 | 11,420 | 10,859 | 21,822 | 11,313 | 10,509 |
| ..8 years | 22,604 | 11,678 | 10,926 | 22,397 | 11,492 | 10,905 |
| ..9 years | 22,594 | 11,702 | 10,892 | 22,721 | 11,738 | 10,983 |
| ..10 years | 22,581 | 11,612 | 10,969 | 22,715 | 11,760 | 10,955 |
| ..11 years | 21,587 | 11,087 | 10,500 | 22,704 | 11,670 | 11,034 |
| ..12 years | 20,368 | 10,462 | 9,906 | 21,694 | 11,119 | 10,575 |
| ..13 years | 19,251 | 9,858 | 9,393 | 20,489 | 10,519 | 9,970 |
| ..14 years | 18,936 | 9,710 | 9,226 | 19,352 | 9,916 | 9,436 |
| ..15 years | 18,436 | 9,403 | 9,033 | 19,058 | 9,770 | 9,288 |
| ..16 years | 18,355 | 9,579 | 8,776 | 18,582 | 9,479 | 9,103 |
| ..17 years | 18,481 | 9,623 | 8,858 | 18,430 | 9,631 | 8,799 |
| ..18 years | 18,837 | 9,655 | 9,182 | 18,521 | 9,645 | 8,876 |

**Table 18: Percentage of children (%) (by gender)**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **2013** | | | **2014** | | |
|  | TOTAL | M | F | TOTAL | M | F |
| Total population | 2,059,114 | 1,019,658 | 1,039,456 | 2,061,623 | 1,021,419 | 1,040,204 |
|  | % | % | % | % | % | % |
| Total population (%) | 100.0 | 49.5 | 50.5 | 100.0 | 49.5 | 50.5 |
| % of under 18’s | 18.3 | 9.4 | 8.9 | 18.4 | 9.4 | 8.9 |
| ..0 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..1 year | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..2 years | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..3 years | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| ..4 years | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| ..5 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| ..6 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..7 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..8 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..9 years | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..10 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| ..11 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..12 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..13 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..14 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..15 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..16 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..17 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..18 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **2015** | | | **2016** | | |
|  | TOTAL | M | F | TOTAL | M | F |
| Total population | 2,063,077 | 1,022,554 | 1,040,523 | 2,064,241 | 1,023,872 | 1,040,369 |
|  | % | % | % | % | % | % |
| Total population (%) | 100.0 | 49.6 | 50.4 | 100.0 | 49.6 | 50.4 |
| % of under 18’s | 18.4 | 9.5 | 8.9 | 18.5 | 9.5 | 9.0 |
| ..0 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..1 year | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..2 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..3 years | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..4 years | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..5 years | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| ..6 years | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| ..7 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| ..8 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..9 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..10 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..11 years | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..12 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| ..13 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..14 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..15 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..16 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..17 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..18 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
|  | **2017** | | | **2018** | | |
|  | TOTAL | M | F | TOTAL | M | F |
| Total population | 2,066,161 | 1,025,973 | 1,040,188 | 2,070,050 | 1,030,234 | 1,039,816 |
|  | % | % | % | % | % | % |
| Total population (%) | 100.0 | 49.7 | 50.3 | 100.0 | 49.8 | 50.2 |
| % of under 18’s | 18.6 | 9.6 | 9.0 | 18.6 | 9.6 | 9.0 |
| ..0 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..1 year | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..2 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..3 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..4 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..5 years | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..6 years | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..7 years | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| ..8 years | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| ..9 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| ..10 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..11 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..12 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..13 years | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..14 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| ..15 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..16 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..17 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..18 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **2019** | | | **2020** | | |
|  | TOTAL | M | F | TOTAL | M | F |
| Total population | 2,089,310 | 1,045,835 | 1,043,475 | 2,100,126 | 1,054,483 | 1,045,643 |
|  | % | % | % | % | % | % |
| Total population (%) | 100.0 | 50.1 | 49.9 | 100.0 | 50.2 | 49.8 |
| % of under 18’s | 18.6 | 9.6 | 9.0 | 18.6 | 9.6 | 9.0 |
| ..0 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..1 year | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..2 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..3 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..4 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..5 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..6 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..7 years | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..8 years | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..9 years | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| ..10 years | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| ..11 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| ..12 years | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..13 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| ..14 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..15 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..16 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..17 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| ..18 years | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |

**Table 19: Married children**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Year | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  |
| Age/sex | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| Under 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 15-19 | 25 | 107 | 23 | 99 | 21 | 93 | 29 | 86 | 20 | 75 | 14 | 65 | 18 | 71 |

C. General principles

**Table 20: Number of children who died in traffic accidents and in other accidents**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Accident/year | Traffic accidents (2013 – 2020\*) | Other accidents (2013 – 2020\*) |
| Number of children | 36 | 32 |

\*until 27 October 2020

**Table 21: Number of injured children – lethal injury due to criminal offence of Negligent Homicide as per Article 118 of the Criminal Code in the period 2013–2019 for which a criminal charge was filed.**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Number of actual affected people | |  | Year |  |  |
| Article | Description of violation classification | Injury | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
| 118 | Negligent Homicide | Lethal injury | 1 | 1 | 1 |

**Table 22: Number of suicides among children**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year / Number | 2013-2020 |
| Number of suicides among children | 24 |

D. Civil rights and freedoms

**Table 23: Number of libraries accessible to children**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year /Number | 2013-2020 |
| Number of libraries accessible to children | 58 public libraries, operating a total of 273 local libraries or units and 13 mobile libraries |

E. Violence against children

**Table 24: Number of affected children due to the criminal offence of Neglect and Maltreatment of a Child as per Article 192 of the Criminal Code relating to the relationship between the offender and the victim (child, stepchild, adopted child, foster child)**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Number of actual affected people | | | Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Article | Description of violation classification | Relationship | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| 192 | Neglect and Maltreatment of a Child | Child | 483 | 462 | 373 | 450 | 329 | 383 | 531 |
|  |  | Stepchild | 29 | 15 | 20 | 21 | 16 | 27 | 33 |
|  |  | Adopted child | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Foster child | 5 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 3 |

**Table 25: Number of affected children due to the criminal offence of Neglect and Maltreatment of a Child as per Article 192 of the Criminal Code relating to the relationship between the offender and the victim by other relationships**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Number of actual affected people | | | Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Article | Description of violation classification | Relationship | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| 192 | Neglect and maltreatment of a child |  | 5 | 4 | 3 | 14 | 12 | 15 | 11 |
|  |  | Former spouse or intimate partner | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 14 | 25 |
|  |  | Boarder | 2 | 2 | 12 | 3 | 0 | 10 | 6 |
|  |  | Intimate partner | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 19 | 29 | 29 |
|  |  | No relationship | 8 | 14 | 6 | 44 | 159 | 57 | 15 |
|  |  | Step-parent | 11 | 6 | 8 | 6 | 3 | 12 | 11 |
|  |  | Teacher | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Foster parent (guardian) | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 0 |
|  |  | Relative in a direct line | 27 | 14 | 9 | 2 | 13 | 11 | 11 |
|  |  | Collateral relative | 2 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 4 |
|  |  | Cohabitant | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  |  | Residential neighbour | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Parent | 220 | 147 | 127 | 86 | 68 | 77 | 87 |
|  |  | Client (service requester) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
|  |  | Tourist | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Pupil (also secondary school or university student) | 3 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
|  |  | Officeholder | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|  |  | Religious person | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Childcare worker | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|  |  | Spouse | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 44 | 35 |
|  |  | Acquaintance | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |

\* When discussing domestic violence offences as per paragraph four of Article 6 of the Protection of Public Order Act, 168 children were involved as injured parties or victims of domestic violence. The above data where children are referred to as victims or injured parties have been kept by the Slovenian Police since 2018.

**Table 26: Data on children affected by the following criminal offences: Actual Bodily Harm as per Article 122 of the Criminal Code, Aggravated Bodily Harm as per Article 123 of the Criminal Code, Grievous Bodily Harm as per Article 124 of the Criminal Code, Neglect and Maltreatment of a Child as per Article 192 of the Criminal Code, and Violent Conduct as per Article 296 of the Criminal Code for the period 2013–2019**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Number of actual affected people | | Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Article | Description of violation classification | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| 122 | Actual Bodily Harm | 136 | 111 | 122 | 116 | 110 | 114 | 131 |
| 123 | Aggravated Bodily Harm | 7 | 15 | 11 | 8 | 12 | 10 | 8 |
| 124 | Grievous Bodily Harm | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| 192 | Neglect and Maltreatment of a Child | 753 | 665 | 544 | 591 | 594 | 639 | 753 |
| 296 | Violent Conduct | 67 | 92 | 62 | 51 | 38 | 66 | 86 |

F. Family environment and alternative care

**Table 27: Prevention programmes funded by the MDDSZ and implemented by NGOs in the area of violence** **and psychosocial assistance**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Type of programme | Number of programmes |
| Prevention programmes | 15 programmes of psychosocial assistance to children, female and male adolescents, or their families. |
| Information and counselling programmes as well as telephone counselling | 14 counselling centres, one telephone counselling line |
| Coordination, support and help and self-help programmes | 14 self-help groups |
| Accommodation and therapeutic programmes | Eight maternity homes (170 places), 13 safe houses (270 places), a crisis centre for adult victims of violence with children (16 places) |

**Table 28: Proportion of children enrolled in kindergartens**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | 2013/14 | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | 2018/19 | 2019/20 |
| Percentage of children in nursery education - TOTAL (%) | 75.0 | 76.8 | 78.1 | 78.7 | 80.4 | 81.7 | 81.2 |
| Age group 1 (%) | 54.2 | 56.1 | 57.5 | 61.0 | 63.5 | 65.6 | 66.5 |
| Age group 2 (%) | 87.2 | 88.0 | 88.5 | 89.9 | 91.0 | 92.1 | 90.7 |

**Table 29: Foster carers**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Month / year | Foster carers | | | Number of foster carers who currently have children in foster care | Number of foster carers who do not currently have children in foster care |
| Total | F | M |
| 12/2013 | 753 | 673 | 80 | 606 | 147 |
| 12/2014 | 739 | 659 | 80 | 571 | 168 |
| 12/2015 | 713 | 632 | 81 | 563 | 150 |
| 12/2016 | 702 | 620 | 82 | 549 | 153 |
| 12/2017 | 676 | 601 | 75 | 529 | 147 |
| 12/2018 | 638 | 570 | 68 | 505 | 133 |
| 12/2019 | 615 | 555 | 60 | 485 | 130 |
| 10/2020 | 592 | 537 | 55 | 469 | 123 |

Source: IS CSD

**Table 30: Children and persons up to 26 years of age placed in foster families**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Month / year | Number of children / persons in foster care | | | Age | | Average duration of placement  (in years) | Average age of children  (in years) |
| Total | F | M | 0-18 | 18-26 |
| 12/2013 | 1,023 | 531 | 492 | 788 | 235 | 6.5 | 13.4 |
| 12/2014 | 965 | 515 | 450 | 744 | 221 | 6.7 | 13.4 |
| 12/2015 | 968 | 508 | 460 | 747 | 221 | 6.8 | 13.4 |
| 12/2016 | 942 | 490 | 452 | 716 | 226 | 7.0 | 13.5 |
| 12/2017 | 892 | 467 | 425 | 684 | 208 | 7.0 | 13.4 |
| 12/2018 | 860 | 442 | 418 | 671 | 189 | 7.0 | 13.2 |
| 12/2019 | 838 | 432 | 406 | 657 | 181 | 7.0 | 13.0 |
| 10/2020 | 833 | 427 | 406 | 659 | 174 | 7.1 | 13.0 |

Source: IS CSD

**Table 31: Number of completed foster care cases, 2013 - November 2020**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Year / No. of completed foster care cases | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| No. of completed foster care cases - TOTAL | 146 | 133 | 96 | 124 | 132 | 121 | 51 | 76 |
| Return to the birth family | 23 | 40 | 28 | 32 | 26 | 36 | 12 | 13 |
| Adoption | 2 | 11 | 2 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| Placement in a residential care institution | 4 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 |
| Placement in special social care and education centres | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Adulthood | 41 | 51 | 37 | 42 | 45 | 51 | 7 | 17 |
| Employment | 7 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 9 | 11 | 2 | 8 |
| Death of child / person in foster care | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 66 | 21 | 23 | 26 | 34 | 13 | 20 | 30 |

Source: IS CSD

**Table 32: Number of adoptions**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | Number |
| 2013-2020 | Number of all child adoptions (national and international) on average 45 per year\* |

\* If compared to the number of applicants, the number of adopted children is low (candidates for adoption exceed ten times the average annual number of all adoptions), where the fact has to be taken into account that the data on the number of adopted children includes what are called second parent adoptions which are numerous in Slovenia – more than one third of all adoptions in Slovenia and abroad.

**Table 33: Measures to ensure protection of children with parents in prison (2013 – 2020)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Measure | Description |
| Leaflet | The leaflet addresses some fundamental issues of children with parents in prison |
| Children’s corners | Several “children’s corners” have been provided in penal institutions equipped to meet children's needs when visiting their parents in prison |
| Training | As part of the induction of newly employed judiciary police officers, one of the subjects introduced was children with parents in prison. The aim of the subject is to highlight the importance of contacts between children and parents when they are in prison, with an emphasis on the role of judiciary police officers in this. The focus of the subject is on family relationships and experiences of children when a parent goes to prison. |

**Table 34: Number of first residence permits issued due to family reunification**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Year of issue | Country | Reason/purpose | Gender | Age group | Total |
| 2013 | Belarus | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Belarus Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Bosnia and Herzegovina | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 206 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 180 |
|  | Bosnia and Herzegovina Total |  |  |  | 386 |
|  | Brazil | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Brazil Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Montenegro | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Montenegro Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Dominican Republic | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Dominican Republic Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Philippines | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Philippines Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Indonesia | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Indonesia Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Japan | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Japan Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Kazakhstan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 4 |
|  | Kazakhstan Total |  |  |  | 7 |
|  | China | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | China Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Republic of Korea | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Republic of Korea Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Kosovo | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 171 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 123 |
|  | Kosovo Total |  |  |  | 294 |
|  | Cuba | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Cuba Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Republic of Moldova | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Republic of Moldova Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Unknown country | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Unknown country Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Pakistan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Pakistan Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Peru | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Peru Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Russian Federation | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 35 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 44 |
|  | Russian Federation Total |  |  |  | 79 |
|  | North Macedonia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 72 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 52 |
|  | North Macedonia Total |  |  |  | 124 |
|  | Serbia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 49 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 36 |
|  | Serbia Total |  |  |  | 85 |
|  | Thailand | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Thailand Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Tunisia | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Tunisia Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Turkey | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Turkey Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Ukraine | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 17 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 13 |
|  | Ukraine Total |  |  |  | 30 |
|  | United States of America | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 4 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 5 |
|  | United States of America Total |  |  |  | 9 |
| Total |  |  |  |  | 1,041 |
| 2014 | Australia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Australia Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Belarus | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Belarus Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Bosnia and Herzegovina | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 407 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 307 |
|  | Bosnia and Herzegovina Total |  |  |  | 714 |
|  | Brazil | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  | Brazil Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Chile | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Chile Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Montenegro | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Montenegro Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Dominican Republic | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Dominican Republic Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Philippines | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Philippines Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | India | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | India Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Iran (Islamic Republic) | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Iran (Islamic Republic) Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Japan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Japan Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Canada | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Canada Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Kazakhstan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 5 |
|  | Kazakhstan Total |  |  |  | 8 |
|  | China | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 6 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 5 |
|  | China Total |  |  |  | 11 |
|  | Republic of Korea | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Republic of Korea Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Kosovo | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 248 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 185 |
|  | Kosovo Total |  |  |  | 433 |
|  | Mexico | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Mexico Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Republic of Moldova | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Republic of Moldova Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Unknown country | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 4 |
|  | Unknown country Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Russian Federation | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 73 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 82 |
|  | Russian Federation Total |  |  |  | 155 |
|  | North Macedonia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 54 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 57 |
|  | North Macedonia Total |  |  |  | 111 |
|  | Serbia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 43 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 36 |
|  | Serbia Total |  |  |  | 79 |
|  | Tajikistan | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Tajikistan Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Taiwan, Province of China | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Taiwan, Province of China Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Turkey | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 5 |
|  | Turkey Total |  |  |  | 8 |
|  | Ukraine | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 36 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 14 |
|  | Ukraine Total |  |  |  | 50 |
|  | United States of America | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 11 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 7 |
|  | United States of America Total |  |  |  | 18 |
| Total |  |  |  |  | 1,618 |
| 2015 | Albania | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Albania Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Algeria | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Algeria Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Azerbaijan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Azerbaijan Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Belarus | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Belarus Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Bosnia and Herzegovina | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 289 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 272 |
|  | Bosnia and Herzegovina Total |  |  |  | 561 |
|  | Montenegro | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Montenegro Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Dominican Republic | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Dominican Republic Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Philippines | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Philippines Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Indonesia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Indonesia Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Japan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Japan Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | South Africa | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | South Africa Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Canada | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Canada Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Kazakhstan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Kazakhstan Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | China | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 4 |
|  | China Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Democratic Republic of Congo | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 4 |
|  | Democratic Republic of Congo Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Kosovo | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 216 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 210 |
|  | Kosovo Total |  |  |  | 426 |
|  | Unknown country | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Unknown country Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Russian Federation | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 13 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 18 |
|  | Russian Federation Total |  |  |  | 31 |
|  | North Macedonia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 79 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 63 |
|  | North Macedonia Total |  |  |  | 142 |
|  | Serbia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 50 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 42 |
|  | Serbia Total |  |  |  | 92 |
|  | Tunisia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Tunisia Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Ukraine | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 18 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 8 |
|  | Ukraine Total |  |  |  | 26 |
|  | Venezuela | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Venezuela Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | United States of America | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 5 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 6 |
|  | United States of America Total |  |  |  | 11 |
| Total |  |  |  |  | 1,319 |
| 2016 | Albania | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Albania Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Armenia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Armenia Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Belize | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Belize Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Belarus | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Belarus Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Bosnia and Herzegovina | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 371 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 359 |
|  | Bosnia and Herzegovina Total |  |  |  | 730 |
|  | Brazil | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 4 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Brazil Total |  |  |  | 6 |
|  | Montenegro | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Montenegro Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Dominican Republic | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Dominican Republic Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Philippines | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Philippines Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | India | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | India Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Iraq | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Iraq Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Iran (Islamic Republic) | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Iran (Islamic Republic) Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Japan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Japan Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Canada | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  | Canada Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Kazakhstan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  | Kazakhstan Total |  |  |  | 5 |
|  | China | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 4 |
|  | China Total |  |  |  | 6 |
|  | Kosovo | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 189 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 151 |
|  | Kosovo Total |  |  |  | 340 |
|  | Libya | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Libya Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Mexico | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Mexico Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Republic of Moldova | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Republic of Moldova Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Unknown country | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Unknown country Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Pakistan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Pakistan Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Russian Federation | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 20 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 13 |
|  | Russian Federation Total |  |  |  | 33 |
|  | North Macedonia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 93 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 66 |
|  | North Macedonia Total |  |  |  | 159 |
|  | Syrian Arab Republic | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Syrian Arab Republic Total |  |  |  | 6 |
|  | Serbia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 43 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 60 |
|  | Serbia Total |  |  |  | 103 |
|  | Turkey | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Turkey Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Ukraine | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 13 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 14 |
|  |  | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Ukraine Total |  |  |  | 28 |
|  | Uzbekistan | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Uzbekistan Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Vietnam | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Vietnam Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | United States of America | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 6 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | United States of America Total |  |  |  | 8 |
| Total |  |  |  |  | 1,463 |
| 2017 | Albania | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Albania Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Azerbaijan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Azerbaijan Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Bosnia and Herzegovina | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 529 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 493 |
|  | Bosnia and Herzegovina Total |  |  |  | 1,022 |
|  | Brazil | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Brazil Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Montenegro | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Montenegro Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Dominican Republic | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Dominican Republic Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | State of Palestine | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  | State of Palestine Total |  |  |  | 6 |
|  | Egypt | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Egypt Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Guinea-Bissau | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Guinea Bissau Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | India | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | India Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Iraq | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Iraq Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Iran (Islamic Republic) | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Iran (Islamic Republic) Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Israel | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Israel Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Japan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Japan Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Cameroon | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Cameroon Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Canada | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Canada Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Kazakhstan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 4 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Kazakhstan Total |  |  |  | 5 |
|  | Kenya | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Kenya Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | China | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 10 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 8 |
|  | China Total |  |  |  | 18 |
|  | Colombia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Colombia Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Republic of Korea | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Republic of Korea Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Kosovo | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 182 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 160 |
|  | Kosovo Total |  |  |  | 342 |
|  | Republic of Moldova | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  | Republic of Moldova Total |  |  |  | 5 |
|  | Russian Federation | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 40 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 25 |
|  | Russian Federation Total |  |  |  | 65 |
|  | North Macedonia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 111 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 105 |
|  | North Macedonia Total |  |  |  | 216 |
|  | Syrian Arab Republic | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Syrian Arab Republic Total |  |  |  | 5 |
|  | Serbia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 76 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 67 |
|  | Serbia Total |  |  |  | 143 |
|  | Thailand | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  | Thailand Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Tunisia | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Tunisia Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Turkey | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  | Turkey Total |  |  |  | 5 |
|  | Ukraine | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 17 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 18 |
|  | Ukraine Total |  |  |  | 35 |
|  | United States of America | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  | United States of America Total |  |  |  | 6 |
| Total |  |  |  |  | 1,912 |
| 2018 | Afghanistan | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Afghanistan Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Albania | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  | Albania Total |  |  |  | 6 |
|  | Argentina | Family reunification | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  | Argentina Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Belarus | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  | Belarus Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Bosnia and Herzegovina | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 17 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 799 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 25 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 681 |
|  | Bosnia and Herzegovina Total |  |  |  | 1,522 |
|  | Brazil | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 5 |
|  | Brazil Total |  |  |  | 5 |
|  | Montenegro | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 4 |
|  | Montenegro Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Dominican Republic | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Dominican Republic Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Egypt | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  | Egypt Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Eritrea | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Eritrea Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Philippines | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 5 |
|  | Philippines Total |  |  |  | 5 |
|  | India | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | India Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Indonesia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Indonesia Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Iran (Islamic Republic) | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Iran (Islamic Republic) Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Israel | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Israel Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Japan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Japan Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | South Africa | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | South Africa Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Kazakhstan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 6 |
|  | Kazakhstan Total |  |  |  | 7 |
|  | China | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 5 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | China Total |  |  |  | 7 |
|  | Kosovo | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 5 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 217 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 6 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 165 |
|  | Kosovo Total |  |  |  | 393 |
|  | Mexico | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Mexico Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Republic of Moldova | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Republic of Moldova Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Nicaragua | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Nicaragua Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Russian Federation | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 2 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 30 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 31 |
|  | Russian Federation Total |  |  |  | 64 |
|  | North Macedonia | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 2 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 109 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 4 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 80 |
|  | North Macedonia Total |  |  |  | 195 |
|  | Syrian Arab Republic | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Syrian Arab Republic Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Serbia | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 2 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 111 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 4 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 124 |
|  | Serbia Total |  |  |  | 241 |
|  | Turkey | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 4 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Turkey Total |  |  |  | 6 |
|  | Ukraine | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 15 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 9 |
|  | Ukraine Total |  |  |  | 25 |
|  | Uzbekistan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Uzbekistan Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | United States of America | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 4 |
|  | United States of America Total |  |  |  | 7 |
| Total |  |  |  |  | 2,522 |
| 2019 | Afghanistan | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 7 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  | Afghanistan Total |  |  |  | 10 |
|  | Albania | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Albania Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Argentina | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Argentina Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Azerbaijan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Azerbaijan Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Bangladesh | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Bangladesh Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Belarus | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Belarus Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Bosnia and Herzegovina | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 107 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 942 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 91 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 825 |
|  | Bosnia and Herzegovina Total |  |  |  | 1,965 |
|  | Brazil | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Brazil Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Montenegro | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  | Montenegro Total |  |  |  | 7 |
|  | Dominican Republic | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Dominican Republic Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Eritrea | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 5 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 5 |
|  | Eritrea Total |  |  |  | 10 |
|  | Ethiopia | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Ethiopia Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Philippines | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  | Philippines Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Guatemala | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Guatemala Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | India | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 2 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  | India Total |  |  |  | 5 |
|  | Iran (Islamic Republic) | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Iran (Islamic Republic) Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Israel | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Israel Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Japan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Japan Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | South Africa | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  | South Africa Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Canada | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Canada Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Kazakhstan | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Kazakhstan Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Kenya | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Kenya Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | China | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 4 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | China Total |  |  |  | 7 |
|  | Democratic Republic of Congo | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Democratic Republic of Congo Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Kosovo | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 37 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 334 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 31 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 274 |
|  | Kosovo Total |  |  |  | 676 |
|  | Republic of Moldova | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Republic of Moldova Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Pakistan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Pakistan Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Russian Federation | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 6 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 33 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 4 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 21 |
|  | Russian Federation Total |  |  |  | 64 |
|  | North Macedonia | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 15 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 127 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 8 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 95 |
|  | North Macedonia Total |  |  |  | 245 |
|  | Syrian Arab Republic | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Syrian Arab Republic Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Serbia | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 7 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 110 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 20 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 122 |
|  | Serbia Total |  |  |  | 259 |
|  | Thailand | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Thailand Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Taiwan, Province of China | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Taiwan, Province of China Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Turkey | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 5 |
|  |  | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Turkey Total |  |  |  | 10 |
|  | Ukraine | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 12 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 12 |
|  | Ukraine Total |  |  |  | 26 |
|  | Uzbekistan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Uzbekistan Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Venezuela | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 4 |
|  | Venezuela Total |  |  |  | 5 |
|  | United States of America | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 3 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 10 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 7 |
|  | United States of America Total |  |  |  | 21 |
| Total |  |  |  |  | 3,358 |
| 2020 (until 31 October) | Afghanistan | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 5 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Afghanistan Total |  |  |  | 6 |
|  | Albania | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Albania Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Belarus | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  | Belarus Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Bosnia and Herzegovina | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 105 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 518 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 102 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 504 |
|  | Bosnia and Herzegovina Total |  |  |  | 1,229 |
|  | Brazil | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  | Brazil Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Montenegro | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Montenegro Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Dominican Republic | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  | Dominican Republic Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | State of Palestine | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | State of Palestine Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Egypt | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Egypt Total |  |  |  | 5 |
|  | Eritrea | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 4 |
|  | Eritrea Total |  |  |  | 6 |
|  | India | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | India Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Iran (Islamic Republic) | Family reunification | F | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  |  | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Iran (Islamic Republic) Total |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | Israel | Family reunification | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  | Israel Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Canada | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  | Canada Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Kazakhstan | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Kazakhstan Total |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | China | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | China Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Kosovo | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 46 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 272 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 39 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 221 |
|  | Kosovo Total |  |  |  | 578 |
|  | Costa Rica | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 3 |
|  | Costa Rica Total |  |  |  | 5 |
|  | Lebanon | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Lebanon Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Mexico | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Mexico Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Unknown country | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Unknown country Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Pakistan | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  | Pakistan Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Russian Federation | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 5 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 12 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 4 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 17 |
|  | Russian Federation Total |  |  |  | 38 |
|  | Saint Lucia | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Saint Lucia Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | North Macedonia | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 7 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 72 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 13 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 45 |
|  | North Macedonia Total |  |  |  | 137 |
|  | Syrian Arab Republic | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  | Syrian Arab Republic Total |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Serbia | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 16 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 86 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 22 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 83 |
|  | Serbia Total |  |  |  | 207 |
|  | Tunisia | Family reunification | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  | Tunisia Total |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Turkey | Family reunification | M | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 1 |
|  |  | Family reunification - a family member of a refugee/person under subsidiary protection | M | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  |  |  | F | 2. 3-18 years | 2 |
|  | Turkey Total |  |  |  | 7 |
|  | Ukraine | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 9 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 2 |
|  |  |  |  | 2. 3-18 years | 9 |
|  | Ukraine Total |  |  |  | 21 |
|  | United States of America | Family reunification | M | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  |  |  | F | 1. Under 3 years | 1 |
|  | United States of America Total |  |  |  | 2 |
| Total |  |  |  |  | 2,282 |

\*Data on children (third-country nationals), under 18 years of age to whom the first temporary residence permits were issued in the period between 2013 and 2020 (until 31 October 2020) on the basis of the Aliens Act for the purpose of family reunification (with a third-country national, a national of a Member State of the European Economic Area or a Slovenian national) and data on children (third-country nationals), under 18 years of age to whom residence permits were issued in the period between 2015 and 2020 (until 31 October 2020) on the basis of the Aliens Act for the purpose of family reunification as family members of a refugee granted subsidiary protection in the Republic of Slovenia.

G. Disability, basic health and welfare

**Table 35: Number of children in public social protection institutions**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Year | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| Number | 204 | 177 | 185 | 193 | 186 | 203 | 204 |

**Table 36: Projects designed to improve quality of life of children with special needs and to ensure equality**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Project | Project description |
| Employing assistants for work with children with special needs in educational institutions | An assistant is involved in educational work, although not as a professional but rather as a person present in the classroom or in a group assisting a child with special needs under the instructions of a professional - helping the child pay attention in class, encouraging the child, providing assistance in note-taking during class, providing assistance to the professional whenever the professional considers it necessary |
| Promoting the social inclusion of children and young people with special needs in the local environment | The project is intended for children or youth with special needs who are enrolled in educational institutions for children and youth with special needs, primary schools with an adapted programme or short vocational upper secondary education programmes. The development of modular and other forms of training and education is required for persons with special needs to acquire skills, competences and knowledge allowing them a good quality of autonomous and independent life |
| A network of professional institutions to support children with special needs and their families | The aim of the pilot project is to set up professional centres providing support to children and youth with special needs and their families integrated into a national network of professional institutions. Through their new solutions, strategies and working methods, the professional centres will provide support to children and youth with special needs, their families, kindergartens, schools and other institutions that work with children or youth with special needs. They will also constitute liaison institutions between healthcare, social security, educational institutions and families. Working with children or youth with special needs is of crucial importance as they risk social exclusion due to their disabilities, impairments or disorders.  Professional centres provide and upgrade forms of assistance that are crucial and key to the optimum development of children and youth as well as their social inclusion, specifically: comprehensive support to kindergartens and schools, development of individualised programmes, counselling and specialist assistance to professionals, development and rental of equipment and aids as well as computer equipment, and personal consultation and assistance to entire families, i.e. parents and children or youth with special needs. Professional centres are institutions that already provide officially recognised programmes for children and youth with special needs as part of a public service. In Slovenia, there are 6 public institutions for the education of children and youth with special needs, 27 primary schools with an adapted programme and 21 primary schools with adapted primary school programme classes with a lower education standard and an adapted programme for children or youth with moderate, severe and profound mental disorder. In the context of the project, 10 professional centres are to be set up: professional centres for the entire country with regard to specific groups of children with special needs in accordance with the law governing placement of children with special needs: 1 centre for deaf and hard of hearing children and children with speech and language disorders, 1 centre for children with autism spectrum disorders, 1 centre for motor-impaired children, 1 centre for blind and visually impaired children, children with impairment of visual function and children with disabilities in specific areas of learning; 4) Integrated treatment of children with emotional and behavioural disorders in educational institutions. The aim of this project is to test new working methods and forms in Slovenia to ensure the earliest possible return of children and youth with emotional and behavioural disorders from institutions to the home environment, autonomous life or, due to various family circumstances or problems of children or youth, to one of the group residences put in place in educational institutions but provided at another location as an independent residential unit. Educational institutions will be encouraged to take preventive action in order to reduce as much as possible the number of future placements. |

**Table 37: Projects in the area of healthy diet and physical activity**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Project | Project description |
| A national portal Prehrana.si (Food.si) has been provided for all age groups, including children and youth | An awareness-raising portal “You Know What You Eat” and a mobile phone application with the same name. The application allows easy comparison of product ingredients, while its red warning signal will encourage many people to choose healthier foodstuffs. |
| Programme for the reduction of sugar, salt and fat content | Retailers take part in activities to improve the composition of foodstuffs through their trademarks. |
| EU School scheme | Union aid for the supply and distribution of fruit and vegetables and milk to children in educational establishment. |

**Table 38: The rates of infant and under-5 child mortality**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| infant deaths/1000 livebirths male | 2,09 | 3,65 | 1,59 | 2,96 | 1,74 | 1,70 | 1,93 | 2,00 | 2,17 | 2,51 |
| infant deaths/1000 livebirths female | 2,95 | 2,15 | 1,70 | 2,91 | 1,95 | 1,49 | 2,10 | 2,15 | 1,17 | 1,60 |
| infant deaths/1000 livebirths all | 2,37 | 4,06 | 2,01 | 3,41 | 1,98 | 2,13 | 2,26 | 2,17 | 2,50 | 2,85 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-4 death/1000 inhabitants male | 0,12 | 0,16 | 0,18 | 0,17 | 0,09 | 0,18 | 0,14 | 0,05 | 0,12 | 0,12 |
| 1-4 death/1000 inhabitants female | 0,32 | 0,26 | 0,16 | 0,07 | 0,05 | 0,07 | 0,17 | 0,07 | 0,20 | 0,10 |
| 1-4 death/1000 inhabitants all | 0,55 | 0,45 | 0,37 | 0,44 | 0,29 | 0,29 | 0,38 | 0,31 | 0,28 | 0,28 |

**Table 39: The proportion of children with low birth weight (under 2050g)**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Year | % of livebirths | % of deliveries |
| 2010 | 6,2 | 6,6 |
| 2011 | 6,2 | 6,6 |
| 2012 | 6,0 | 6,4 |
| 2013 | 6,3 | 6,7 |
| 2014 | 6,4 | 6,7 |
| 2015 | 6,4 | 6,7 |
| 2016 | 6,6 | 6,9 |
| 2017 | 6,6 | 7,0 |
| 2018 | 6,3 | 6,7 |
| 2019 | 5,9 | 6,3 |

**Table 40: The rate of child mortality due to suicide**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | | Suicide per 100000 population 0-18 years | | | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| Gender | Male | 4,20 | 2,61 | 0,00 | 3,10 | 2,05 | 2,04 | 3,05 | 2,02 | 3,02 | 2,00 |
| Female | 0,56 | 0,00 | 1,10 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,54 | 0,54 | 0,00 | 1,60 | 1,06 |
| Total | | 2,43 | 1,34 | 0,53 | 1,59 | 1,06 | 1,31 | 1,83 | 1,04 | 2,33 | 1,54 |

**Table 41: The percentage of of preschool children vaccinated against diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio and Hib infections**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | % of preschool children vaccinated against diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio and Hib infections |
| 2010 | 96,8 |
| 2011 | 96,1 |
| 2012 | 96,4 |
| 2013 | 95,3 |
| 2014 | 94,9 |
| 2015 | 94,8 |
| 2016 | 94,1 |
| 2017 | 94,2 |
| 2018 | 93,4 |
| 2019 | 94,7 |

**Table 42: The percentage of preschool children vaccinated against measles, mumps and rubella**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | % of preschool children vaccinated against measles, mumps and rubella |
| 2010 | 94,8 |
| 2011 | 95,5 |
| 2012 | 95,3 |
| 2013 | 93,9 |
| 2014 | 93,7 |
| 2015 | 93,5 |
| 2016 | 92,3 |
| 2017 | 93,2 |
| 2018 | 93,1 |
| 2019 | 93,6 |

**\*** Vaccination against tuberculosis: this vaccination has not been obligatory since 2005, therefore the share of children vaccinated against tuberculosis was 7,5 % in 2018.

**The rates of maternal mortality, including its main causes**

The last available data is for period 2013-2017; maternal mortality rate was 4,9 per 100.000 liveborn children. Since 2010, the most important causes of maternal deaths are cancer, suicide and thromboembolism. In absolute numbers, there are 0-1 maternal deaths annualy.

**Table 43: The proportion of pregnant women who have access to, and benefit from, prenatal and postnatal health care**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Year | Average number of check-ups during pregnancy | Share of mothers giving birth without check-ups during pregnancy |
| 2010 | 10,13 | 0,2 |
| 2011 | 10,16 | 0,3 |
| 2012 | 10,28 | 0,3 |
| 2013 | 10,24 | 0,2 |
| 2014 | 10,38 | 0,2 |
| 2015 | 10,46 | 0,2 |
| 2016 | 10,49 | 0,1 |
| 2017 | 10,51 | 0,1 |
| 2018 | 10,53 | 0,2 |
| 2019 | 10,61 | 0,2 |

\* In theory, all pregnant women have unlimited and costless access to health care during pregnancy and delivery. There's very minor share of those who don't take advantage of this (see table - the share is 0,1-0,3 % during the last 10 years).

**Table 44: The proportion of children born in hospitals**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Year | Delivery in hospital | | Delivery at home with medical help | | Delivery at home without medical help | | Delivery on the way to the hospital | |
| Number | % | Number | % | Number | % | Number | % |
| 2010 | 22274 | 99,90 | 1 | 0,00 | 9 | 0,04 | 12 | 0,05 |
| 2011 | 21823 | 99,89 | 7 | 0,03 | 7 | 0,03 | 9 | 0,04 |
| 2012 | 21759 | 99,86 | 1 | 0,00 | 17 | 0,08 | 12 | 0,06 |
| 2013 | 20851 | 99,89 | 7 | 0,03 | 8 | 0,04 | 9 | 0,04 |
| 2014 | 20827 | 99,86 | 9 | 0,04 | 10 | 0,05 | 11 | 0,05 |
| 2015 | 20258 | 99,89 | 7 | 0,03 | 10 | 0,05 | 5 | 0,02 |
| 2016 | 20040 | 99,79 | 15 | 0,07 | 18 | 0,09 | 10 | 0,05 |
| 2017 | 19898 | 99,75 | 21 | 0,11 | 18 | 0,09 | 10 | 0,05 |
| 2018 | 19289 | 99,79 | 22 | 0,11 | 11 | 0,06 | 7 | 0,04 |
| 2019 | 19093 | 99,75 | 27 | 0,14 | 16 | 0,08 | 5 | 0,03 |

**The proportion of personnel trained in hospital care and delivery**

Slovenia has 14 specialised hospitals with care of licenced nurses and medical doctors, specialist in gynecology and obstetrics.

**The proportion of mothers who practise exclusive breastfeeding and for how long**

This data is available only for part of the country since it is not collected systematically. Data for 3.282 children, born in 2018 or 2019, show that in age of 4-5 months, there are 61,8% of fully breastfed, 12,7 % of partially breastfed and 25,5 % of those babies were not breasfed at that age at all.

**The number/percentage of children infected and affected by HIV/AIDS**

There have been only 1 case of HIV infection (in the population of 0-18 years) in the period of 2010-2019. This case was transmitted from mother to a child.

**Table 45:** Number of deliveries according to the age of mother

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Number of deliveries according to the age of mother (up to 19 years) | | | | | | |  |  |  |
|  | Up to 15 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | Total up to 19 years | Deliveries per 1.000 women 15-19 years | Share of all deliveries |
| 2010 | 1 | 2 | 15 | 35 | 57 | 140 | 250 | 4,9 | 1,14 |
| 2011 | 1 | 4 | 17 | 30 | 66 | 134 | 252 | 5,1 | 1,17 |
| 2012 | 3 | 4 | 19 | 27 | 50 | 116 | 219 | 4,5 | 1,02 |
| 2013 | 3 | 8 | 13 | 32 | 46 | 116 | 218 | 4,6 | 1,06 |
| 2014 | 1 | 7 | 13 | 36 | 64 | 110 | 231 | 5,0 | 1,13 |
| 2015 | 2 | 3 | 15 | 21 | 53 | 109 | 203 | 4,4 | 1,02 |
| 2016 | 2 | 4 | 18 | 28 | 41 | 90 | 183 | 4,0 | 0,93 |
| 2017 | 2 | 6 | 14 | 32 | 41 | 83 | 178 | 4,0 | 0,91 |
| 2018 | 1 | 8 | 12 | 22 | 43 | 83 | 169 | 3,8 | 0,89 |
| 2019 | 3 | 6 | 17 | 29 | 49 | 99 | 203 | 4,5 | 1,08 |

**Table 46: Number of legal abortions according to the age of pregnant woman**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Number of legal abortions according to the age of pregnant woman, Slovenija 2010-2019 | | | | | | |  |  |  |
|  | under 15 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | Total up to 19 years | Legal abortions ber 1000 women 15-19 years | Share of all legal abortions |
| 2010 | 2 | 14 | 37 | 55 | 87 | 143 | 338 | 6,7 | 7,81 |
| 2011 | 8 | 14 | 41 | 48 | 73 | 125 | 309 | 6,3 | 7,25 |
| 2012 | 2 | 16 | 29 | 47 | 79 | 106 | 279 | 5,8 | 6,79 |
| 2013 | 1 | 11 | 25 | 46 | 94 | 91 | 268 | 5,7 | 6,68 |
| 2014 | 5 | 15 | 21 | 41 | 67 | 91 | 240 | 5,2 | 5,91 |
| 2015 | 0 | 10 | 21 | 32 | 66 | 79 | 208 | 4,5 | 5,65 |
| 2016 | 0 | 14 | 14 | 34 | 56 | 101 | 219 | 4,8 | 5,86 |
| 2017 | 1 | 8 | 19 | 31 | 54 | 64 | 177 | 4,0 | 5,02 |
| 2018 | 4 | 14 | 26 | 36 | 53 | 80 | 213 | 4,8 | 6,13 |
| 2019 | 1 | 8 | 21 | 28 | 56 | 76 | 190 | 4,2 | 5,80 |

**Table 47: Number of persons and amount of funds – Project Human Association (Društvo Projekt Človek) - Therapeutic community for addicted parents with children**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Year/No. and EUR | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| number of persons | 1,105 | 1,186 | 1,115 | 1,342 | 1,421 | 1,444 | 1,459 | \* |
| EUR | 843,751.00 | 801,563.50 | 801,563.40 | 839,903.40 | 839,903.40 | 864.000.00 | 864,000.00 | 864,000.00 |

\*No data yet

H. Education, leisure and cultural activities

**Table 48: Youth and adult literacy rate**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Literacy rate | 2014 |
| Youth | 99.7% |
| Adult | 99.7% |

**\*** Since 2002, the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia no longer asks about literacy.

**Table 49: Those involved in formal education by type of programme and gender**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | | Men | Women |
| 2013/14 | Primary school | 84,859 | 80,177 |
| Secondary school | 39,717 | 36,997 |
| 2014/15 | Primary school | 86,815 | 82,286 |
| Secondary school | 38,964 | 36,361 |
| 2015/16 | Primary school | 88,340 | 83,673 |
| Secondary school | 38,651 | 36,108 |
| 2016/17 | Primary school | 90,857 | 86,041 |
| Secondary school | 38,239 | 35,782 |
| 2017/18 | Primary school | 93,075 | 88,226 |
| Secondary school | 38,030 | 35,746 |
| 2018/19 | Primary school | 95,656 | 90,672 |
| Secondary school | 37,682 | 35,428 |
| 2019/20 | Primary school | 97,691 | 92,465 |
| Secondary school | 37,436 | 35,302 |

**Table 50: Persons enrolled in kindergartens in 2020 (children and staff numbers)**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Staff | Children |
| Kindergartens | approx. 14,000 | 88,070 |

**Table 51: Persons enrolled in primary schools in 2020 (children and staff numbers)**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Staff | School children |
| Special education primary schools (OŠPP) and institutions | 3,448 | 5,193 |
| First cycle | 16,010 | 64,155 |
| Grades 4 and 5 | 4,243 | 44,241 |
| Grades 6 to 9 | 8,266 | 82,651 |
| TOTAL PRIMARY SCHOOLS | 31,967 | 196,240 |

**Table 52: Students enrolled in secondary schools in 2020**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Number of students - final years | All students |
| NPI - short vocational upper secondary education | 528 | 1,164 |
| SPI -vocational upper secondary education | 3,641 | 12,130 |
| SSI - technical upper secondary education | 7,380 | 30,966 |
| GIM - general upper secondary school | 6,077 | 25,773 |
| PTI - vocational technical education | 1,568 | 3,830 |
| Vocational course | 146 | 146 |
| Matura examination course | 220 | 220 |
| Total | 19,560 | 74,229 |

**Table 53: Education of children - General data and trend**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Level of education | General data and trend |
| Kindergarten | * At the beginning of the 2019/20 school year, 87,708 children were enrolled in kindergartens or 82.7% of all 1-5 year old children. In the last decade, the number of children in kindergartens increased by a fourth: from 71,124 (2009/10) to 87,708 (2019/20). Pre-school education was provided by 966 kindergartens and their units, of which 851 were public and 115 private. The vast majority of children were enrolled in public kindergartens (94.3%). * According to the European strategic objective set out in the Education and Training 2020 document, 95% of children aged 4 and 5 years should participate in early childhood education. Slovenia has not yet reached this objective but has approached it very closely. In the 2019/20 school year, 94.1% of children of this age were enrolled in kindergartens, i.e. 6 percentage points more than ten years ago. Likewise, the enrolment of the youngest (i.e. children aged one and two years) in kindergartens is increasing; in 2019/20, 67.5% of children of this age attended kindergartens (in 2009/10 only a half). |
| Primary school | * At the beginning of the 2019/20 school year, 190,156 children participated in regular or adapted primary school programmes or almost 4,000 more than a year before. The number of primary school pupils continues to grow. It has grown since the 2010/11 school year when the number of primary school pupils was the lowest in independent Slovenia (161,046). Small generations of children born 15 years ago are gradually leaving primary schools and large generations remain. Generations of first graders (21,044 this year) have been considerably larger for several years than the generations of ninth graders (18,084 this year). * In Slovenia, children are enrolled in primary school at the age of 6 years The number of children postponing their enrolment in school by a year has been on a rise. Five years ago, 6% of first graders were aged seven years, i.e. children who were included in education a year later than their peers. In the 2019/20 school year, 11.7% of first graders were seven years old. * The primary school programmes were provided by 773 primary schools and their units and 48 schools, primary school units and institutions for children with special needs. The largest school (in terms of number of pupils) in Slovenia was attended by 1,140 pupils and the largest school branch by 342 children, whereas the smallest branch was attended by three children. * In regular primary schools the average number of pupils was 19.2. The average number of pupils in autonomous and local school classes was 20.8 and 11 pupils on average in classes of school branches. As far as this indicator is concerned, some regions deviated from the Slovenian average: the lowest number of primary school pupils per classroom on average was in the Koroška and Pomurska regions (16.2 each) and the highest in the Central Slovenia statistical region (21.5). * The number of children with special needs attending schools with regular and adapted programmes amounted to 13,302. The majority of these children (81%) were enrolled in regular programmes provided with additional professional assistance; these children accounted for 5.7% of all children enrolled in regular primary school programmes. * In the 2018/19 school year, 17,731 pupils successfully completed primary school, of whom 271 pupils completed the adapted programme. |
| Secondary school | * The number of students enrolled in secondary education provided in the 2019/20 school year by 145 public secondary schools and their units, 6 private institutions and 5 institutions for youth with special needs amounted to 72,738. The number of secondary school students continues to decrease. The generation of youth currently enrolled in secondary schools is one of the smallest in the last 70 years. This trend is expected to reverse as the coming generations of 15-year-olds are increasingly more numerous. * Out of 20,098 students in the first year of secondary school, 19,258 students enrolled in secondary school for the first time. The remaining students either repeated the first grade or changed programme. * The percentage of youth enrolled in secondary schools aged between 15 and 18 years amounted to 90.6% or 92.8% if those 15-18-year-olds are taken into consideration who attended secondary education for adults. * The percentage of all students attending general upper secondary education accounted for 35%, of whom 62% were girls. Technical upper secondary education was attended by 47% of students, of whom 46% were girls. Short vocational upper secondary education and vocational upper secondary education was attended by 18% of all students; 27% of them were girls. * The number of boys attending vocational and technical secondary education is significantly greater than the number of girls. In the year of observation, almost three quarters (74%) of all students (boys) chose the following programmes: technical (43.5% of all students) and computer sciences (8%). The number of girls choosing vocational and technical programmes was lower (56% of all girls); they were most interested in healthcare programmes (12% of all female students), personal services (11%) and business programmes (10%). * In the 2018/19 school year, 17,368 students completed secondary education. The number of students who completed general upper secondary education was 5,906 (34%). The number of students who completed technical upper secondary education amounted to 7,927 (45%), those who completed vocational upper secondary education amounted to 3,183 (18%) and those who completed short vocational upper secondary education amounted to 352 (2%). |

**Table 54: Number of students per teacher in educational institutions by educational level, 2018**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Primary school (primary and lower secondary) | General upper secondary education | Technical upper secondary education | Total secondary education |
| 2018 | 10 | 15 | 13 | 14 |

\* In regular primary schools the average number of pupils was 19.2. The average number of pupils in autonomous and local school classes was 20.8, and 11 pupils on average in classes of school branches. As far as this indicator is concerned, some regions deviated from the Slovenian average: the lowest number of primary school pupils per classroom on average was in the Koroška and Pomurska regions (16.2 each) and the highest in the Central Slovenia statistical region (21.5). There are some deviations as regards data on the teacher-student ratio. No complete data for secondary schools is available as regards teachers and this cannot be used, therefore, to calculate the ratio. Instead, we use the data provided by the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia (SURS). In the 2019/20 school year, the teacher-student ratio was 1:12.2.

**Table 55: Teacher competences (2019/2020)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Level | Teacher competences |
| Primary school | Classroom teaching - 98.7%  Subject teaching - 98.6%. |
| Secondary school | Teachers of general education subjects - 99.1%  Teachers of practical education - 81.8% |

\*The information on teacher competences is taken from the KPIS application (for the 2019/20 school year), containing the scores provided by the school (the principal) on each teacher’s qualifications, whereby those teachers are deemed qualified who meet all the conditions complying with the applicable provisions relating to appropriate qualifications as well as those who are permitted to teach in accordance with transitional provisions.

**Table 56: Percentage of pupils attending public primary schools in areas where the Italian and Hungarian ethnic communities live, and have an adapted curriculum**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Level | Percentage of pupils |
| Primary school | 3.90%\* |

\*The information also includes primary schools with Slovenian as a teaching language and where Italian is also taught, as well as schools with Italian as the teaching language and Slovenian is also taught, and all bilingual schools in Prekmurje, where all pupils learn both languages.

**Table 57: Optional and non-compulsory curriculum**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Grade | Optional and non-compulsory curriculum | Percent |
| grade 1 | first foreign language | 92.1 % |
| grades 4-6 | second foreign language | 21.1 % |
| grades 4-6 | arts | 6.6 % |
| grades 4-6 | ICT | 18.4 % |
| grades 4-6 | sports | 21.2 % |
| grades 4-6 | techniques | 11.1 % |
| grades 7-9 | foreign language | 5.4 % |
| grades 1 | morning care | 1, 74.0 % |
| grades 1-5 | after-school activities | 82.0 % |

**Table 58: Educational goals**

|  |
| --- |
| Educational goals |
| Ensure optimum development of each individual regardless of gender, social and cultural background, religion, race, ethnicity and nationality as well as physical and mental constitution or disability |
| Promote mutual tolerance, raise awareness of gender equality, respect for otherness and collaboration with others, respect for children’s and human rights and fundamental freedoms, develop equal opportunities of both genders and develop capacity to participate in life in a democratic society |
| Develop language abilities and skills as well as raise awareness of the status of Slovenian as the language of the country of Slovenia; in areas defined as ethnically mixed, preserve and develop Italian and Hungarian alongside Slovenian |
| Ensure quality education |
| Promote an awareness of integrity of the individual |
| Develop national consciousness and identity as well as knowledge of Slovenia’s history and culture |
| Facilitate inclusion in European integration processes |
| Allowing the possibility of making choices at all levels of education |
| Allowing education corresponding to the individual’s level of development and age |
| Provide equal opportunities for education in regions facing specific development problems |
| Ensure equal opportunities for education of children from disadvantaged backgrounds |
| Ensure equal opportunities for education of children, youth and adults with special needs |
| Education for sustainable development and active participation in democratic society, which includes self-knowledge and a responsible attitude towards the self, own health, other people, own and other cultures, the natural and social environment, future generations |
| Promote lifelong learning |
| Make it possible to obtain general education and professional qualifications |
| Enable the largest percentage possible of the population to attain the highest possible level of education by maintaining the level of quality already achieved |
| Facilitate the development and achievement of the highest possible level of creativity by the largest possible share of the population |
| Education for responsible protection of freedom, for tolerant, peaceful coexistence and respect for others |
| Develop and preserve own cultural traditions and learn about other cultures and civilisations |
| Educate for common cultural and civilisation values arising from the European tradition |
| Develop readiness for the establishment of a free, democratic and socially just state |
| Promote conscious responsibility for the natural environment and own health |
| Raise awareness of the rights and responsibilities of people and citizens |
| Develop talents and skills to experience works of art and for artistic expression, development of creativity, innovation and risk taking as well as ability to plan and manage projects in order to attain objectives |

**Table 59: Programmes and projects intended for children and youth to contribute to awareness raising and access to quality cultural goods**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | Projects |
| 2013-2020 | National Month of Reading Together |
| 2013-2020 | Cultural Heritage Week |
| 2013-2020 | Slovenian Film Week |
| 2013-2020 | Additional culture and arts education projects relating to theatre and film education |
| 2013-2020 | National inter-departmental culture and arts education project Cultural Bazaar |

1. **Special protection measures**

Table 60: Unaccompanied minors

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Country of origin | 2013 | | | 2014 | | | 2015 | | | 2016 | | | 2017 | | | 2018 | | | 2019 | | |  | 2020 |  |
| all | M | F | all | M | F | all | M | F | all | M | F | all | M | F | all | M | F | all | M | F | all | M | F |
| AFGHANISTAN | 7 | 7 | 0 | 47 | 47 | 0 | 23 | 23 | 0 | 163 | 161 | 2 | 270 | 269 | 1 | 131 | 129 | 2 | 199 | 195 | 4 | 205 | 202 | 3 |
| ALGERIA | 5 | 5 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 10 | 0 | 41 | 41 | 0 | 77 | 77 | 0 | 111 | 111 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| BANGLADESH | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 30 | 30 | 0 | 75 | 75 | 0 | 48 | 48 | 0 |
| CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CHINA |  |  |  | 1 | 0 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| COTE D'IVOIRE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| DR CONGO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EGYPT |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 | 0 | 17 | 17 | 0 | 111 | 111 | 0 |
| ERITREA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
| GHANA |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INDIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 0 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| IRAN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
| IRAQ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 0 |
| KOSOVO |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 9 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| LIBYA | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 | 9 | 0 | 13 | 13 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| MOROCCO | 3 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 |  |  |  | 11 | 11 | 0 | 7 | 7 | 0 | 38 | 36 | 2 | 96 | 93 | 3 | 69 | 69 | 0 |
| MONGOLIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MYANMAR |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NEPAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | 4 | 3 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| NIGERIA | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PAKISTAN |  |  |  | 5 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 18 | 18 | 0 | 24 | 24 | 0 | 222 | 222 | 0 | 139 | 139 | 0 | 86 | 83 | 3 |
| PALESTINE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 |  |  |  |
| SERBIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SIERRA LEONE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
| SOMALIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0 | 1 |  |  |  |
| SRI LANKA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SUDAN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| SYRIA | 7 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 7 | 0 | 13 | 13 | 0 | 7 | 7 | 0 | 9 | 9 | 0 | 7 | 7 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 |
| TUNISIA | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 | 0 |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 |  |  |  |
| TURKEY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| UKRAINE |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| VIETNAM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |  |  |  |
| YEMEN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| UNKNOWN | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL | 28 | 27 | 1 | 65 | 64 | 1 | 42 | 42 | 0 | 244 | 242 | 2 | 388 | 386 | 2 | 556 | 547 | 9 | 670 | 659 | 11 | 550 | 544 | 6 |

**Table 61: Exceptions regarding child labour involving children younger than 15 years and prohibitions or rights of children aged between 15 and 18 years (ZDR-1)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Age | Exceptions and additional prohibitions and rights |
| Under 15 years | A child under the age of 15 may exceptionally participate for remuneration in the shooting of films, in the preparation and performance of artistic, stage and other works in the area of cultural, artistic, sporting and advertising activities. A child who has reached the age of 13, may carry out light work also in other activities, however, not longer than 30 days during school holidays in an individual calendar year, in the manner, to the extent and under the condition that the work they will perform is not harmful to their safety, health, morals, education and development. |
| Between 15 and 18 years | Prohibited from performing hard work and work detrimental to health, prohibition from performing night work, special restrictions regarding working hours, breaks and rests, prohibited from working more than full time (the prohibition includes both a prohibition of the number of hours and a prohibition of both overtime work and additional work in the event of natural and man-made disasters; the same applies to uneven allocation and reallocation of working hours), right to extended annual leave (further seven working days). |

**Table 62: The Labour Inspectors of the Republic of Slovenia issued the following number of prior authorisations**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | Number of permits |
| 2014 | 212 |
| 2015 | 594 |
| 2016 | 658 |
| 2017 | 576 |
| 2018 | 530 |
| 2019 | 649 |
| \* | Authorisations were issued in three cases where children under the age of 15 worked in a family restaurant, at an “Open Kitchen” stand or assisted in feeding animals on a horse breeding farm. |

**Table 63: Breaches of the Rules on protection of the health of children, adolescents and young people at work**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | Number of breaches |
| 2014 - 2020 | 2 (in connection with the adoption of the necessary measures, based on a risk assessment, to ensure the health and safety of children, adolescents and young people)\* |

\*Moreover, it was found that certain filming work took place without prior authorisation for the work of children under the age of 15.

**Table 64: Number of children engaged in child labour as identified by individual stakeholders (2010–2015, by gender), Child Labour research**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | 2010 | | | 2011 | | | 2012 | | | 2013 | | | 2014 | | | 2015 | | |
|  | Girls | Boys | Total | Girls | boys | total | girls | boys | total | girls | boys | total | girls | boys | total | girls | boys | total |
| OŠ (primary school) N=168 | 13 | 20 | 33 | 13 | 16 | 29 | 9 | 17 | 26 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 11 | 27 | 38 | 12 | 22 | 34 |
| SŠ (secondary school) | 5 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 7 | 2 | 9 | 8 | 2 | 10 | 8 | 2 | 10 | 16 | 6 | 22 |
| N=48 |
| CSD | 3 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 7 |
| N=48 |
| NGO | 7 | 4 | 11 | 7 | 4 | 11 | 7 | 4 | 11 | 18 | 8 | 26 | 17 | 7 | 24 | 16 | 7 | 23 |
| N=1 |

**Table 65: Number of affected children by individual articles**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Number of actual affected people/Year | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Article | Description of violation classification | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| 113 | Trafficking in Human Beings | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 170 | Rape | 12 | 6 | 10 | 7 | 7 | 10 | 5 |
| 171 | Sexual Violence | 11 | 7 | 11 | 7 | 18 | 9 | 9 |
| 172 | Sexual Abuse of Defenceless Person | 0 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 4 |
| 173 | Sexual Assault on a Person Below Fifteen Years of Age | 155 | 113 | 82 | 118 | 109 | 94 | 128 |
| 173A | Recruiting People Below Fifteen Years of Age for Sexual Purposes | 0 | 0 | 5 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 74 |
| 174 | Violation of Sexual Integrity by Abuse of Position | 19 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 175 | Exploitation through Prostitution | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

**Table 66: Number of persons experiencing sexual violence and gender-based violence - users of assistance are persons treated in accordance with the provisions of the ZMZ**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | Number of treatments of unaccompanied minors subject to sexual and gender-based violence |
| 2018 | 2 |
| 2019 | 3 |
| 2020 (up to the end of September) | 3 |

**Table 67: Number of children included in programmes in the area of violence prevention**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | 2019 |
| Number of children | 749 |

**Table 68: Number of children affected by the criminal offence of Kidnapping**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Number of actual affected people |  | Year |  |
| Article | Description of violation classification | 2016 | 2018 |
| 134 | Kidnapping | 1 | 1 |

**Table 69: Number of suspects under the age of 18 for all criminal offences**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Number of actual suspected people | | Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Article | Description of violation classification | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| 113 | Trafficking in Human Beings | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 115 | Manslaughter | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 116 | Murder | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 118 | Negligent Homicide | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 122 | Actual Bodily Harm | 99 | 83 | 74 | 66 | 77 | 86 | 82 |
| 123 | Aggravated Bodily Harm | 10 | 11 | 14 | 15 | 6 | 23 | 11 |
| 124 | Grievous Bodily Harm | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 126 | Participation in Brawl | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 127 | Endangering Life by Means of Dangerous Instruments in Brawl or Quarrel | 3 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 132 | Criminal Coercion | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 133 | False Imprisonment | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
| 134 | Kidnapping | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 134A | Stalking | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 135 | Threatening the Security of Another Person | 6 | 9 | 9 | 29 | 36 | 39 | 42 |
| 138 | Unlawful Visual Recording | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 11 |
| 141 | Criminal Trespass | 11 | 7 | 5 | 14 | 10 | 17 | 4 |
| 143 | Abuse of Personal Data | 2 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 6 |
| 148 | Violation of Material Copyright | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 158 | Insult | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 159 | Slander | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| 170 | Rape | 0 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 0 |
| 171 | Sexual Violence | 4 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| 172 | Sexual Abuse of Defenceless Person | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| 173 | Sexual Assault on a Person Below Fifteen Years of Age | 11 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 19 | 11 | 26 |
| 173A | Recruiting People Below Fifteen Years of Age for Sexual Purposes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 176 | Presentation, Manufacture, Possession and Distribution of Pornographic Material | 1 | 10 | 18 | 19 | 24 | 37 | 45 |
| 186 | Unlawful Manufacture and Trade of Narcotic Drugs, Illicit Substances in Sport and Precursors to Manufacture Narcotic Drugs | 53 | 55 | 49 | 41 | 70 | 64 | 64 |
| 187 | Rendering Opportunity for Consumption of Narcotic Drugs or Illicit Substances in Sport | 23 | 29 | 22 | 15 | 26 | 17 | 19 |
| 190 | Abduction of Minors | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| 191 | Domestic Violence | 30 | 30 | 21 | 19 | 12 | 16 | 18 |
| 192 | Neglect and Maltreatment of a Child | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 203 | Abuse of Rights Relating to Social Insurance | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 204 | Larceny | 549 | 467 | 347 | 348 | 389 | 371 | 327 |
| 205 | Grand Larceny | 214 | 175 | 165 | 130 | 121 | 115 | 117 |
| 206 | Robbery | 49 | 30 | 27 | 24 | 18 | 33 | 36 |
| 207 | Larceny in the Form of Robbery | 10 | 12 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| 208 | Misappropriation | 47 | 55 | 38 | 24 | 30 | 17 | 15 |
| 210 | Joy Riding | 10 | 23 | 15 | 24 | 19 | 18 | 14 |
| 211 | Fraud | 34 | 26 | 19 | 21 | 18 | 20 | 30 |
| 213 | Extortion and Blackmail | 26 | 24 | 12 | 11 | 24 | 19 | 20 |
| 214 | Usury | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 217 | Concealment | 52 | 58 | 40 | 27 | 18 | 21 | 15 |
| 219 | Damaging or Destroying Goods of Special Cultural Significance or Natural Curiosities | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| 220 | Damage to Third-Person Property | 103 | 98 | 86 | 87 | 99 | 76 | 86 |
| 221 | Attack on Information Systems | 6 | 5 | 7 | 12 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| 222 | Arson | 5 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 |
| 228 | Business Fraud | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 233 | Unauthorised Use of Third-Person’s Mark or Model | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 243 | Counterfeiting Money | 6 | 4 | 13 | 8 | 6 | 6 | 10 |
| 244 | Fabrication and the Use of Counterfeit Stamps of Value or Securities | 1 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 245 | Money Laundering | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 247 | Use of a Counterfeit Bank, Credit, or Other Card | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 251 | Forging Documents | 15 | 16 | 5 | 5 | 9 | 8 | 8 |
| 252 | Special Cases of Forging Documents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 253 | Certification of Untrue Contents | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 257 | Abuse of Office or Official Duties | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| 281 | Failure to Provide Information of Crime or Perpetrator | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 282 | Accessory to the Perpetrator after the Commission of a Criminal Offence | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 283 | False Reporting of Crime | 8 | 12 | 6 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 9 |
| 285 | Tampering with Evidence | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 286 | Obstruction of Judicial and Other State  Authorities | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 296 | Violent Conduct | 55 | 95 | 64 | 48 | 56 | 78 | 111 |
| 297 | Public Incitement to Hatred, Violence or  Intolerance | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 298 | Participation in a Group Committing a Criminal Offence | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 299 | Obstructing the Performance of Official Acts or Revenge  upon an Official | 12 | 10 | 6 | 8 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 300 | Attack on an Official Exercising Security Tasks | 7 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 301 | Participation in a Group Obstructing an Official  in the Performance of an Official Act | 6 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 303 | Removal or Damaging of Official Seal or Mark | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 306 | Manufacture and Acquisition of Weapons and Instruments Intended for the Commission of a Criminal Offence | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| 307 | Illegal Manufacture of and Trade in Weapons or  Explosive Materials | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 308 | Prohibited Crossing of State Border or  Territory | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 309 | Abuse of Distress and Warning Signals | 7 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| 310 | Arbitrary Exercise of Rights | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 313 | Abuse of Corpses | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 314 | Causing Public Danger | 9 | 10 | 8 | 7 | 12 | 2 | 7 |
| 324 | Reckless Driving in Road Traffic | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 326 | Endangering Public Traffic by Dangerous  Acts or Means | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| 341 | Torture of Animals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 342 | Game Poaching | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 343 | Fish Poaching | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

\*The number of children discussed as offenders (arrests are not discussed here):

Between 2013 and 27 October 2020, the Police dealt with the cases of 21,822 children due to offences (arrests are not discussed here). Some 10,632 children were dealt with due to offences in the area of public order and peace; 1,062 children were dealt with due to offences relating to border regulations, and 10,128 children were dealt with due to offences against traffic regulations.

Number of offences committed by children:

Between 2013 and 27 October 2020, the Police dealt with 30,697 violations (offences) committed by children (arrests are not discussed here). Children committed 11,611 violations in the area of public order and peace, 17,953 violations of traffic regulations and 1,133 violations of regulations relating to border affairs.

**Table 70: Children deprived of their liberty due to criminal offences**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Number of cases of the deprivation of liberty | Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Legal basis | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| Paragraph one of Article 157 of the Criminal Procedure Act: deprivation of liberty and bringing the person before the investigating judge | 0 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Paragraph two of Article 157 of the Criminal Procedure Act: alibi, deprivation of liberty and detention of up to 48 hours | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Paragraph two of Article 157 of the Criminal Procedure Act: identification, deprivation of liberty and detention of up to 48 hours | 5 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Paragraph two of Article 157 of the Criminal Procedure Act: collection of information and items of evidence, deprivation of liberty and detention of up to 48 hours | 127 | 108 | 84 | 63 | 51 | 50 | 41 |
| Total | 133 | 110 | 90 | 69 | 56 | 51 | 41 |

**Table 71: Number of juvenile offenders, in custody and in a correctional facility, and average length of stay**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Type | Institution | Number | Average length of stay (in days) | Min. age | Max. age | Average age | Criminal acts under the articles of the KZ-1 |
| Juvenile offenders | Celje | 7 | 735 | 17.8 | 25.4 | 22.3 | KZ1/115, KZ1/122, KZ1/205, KZ1/206, KZ1/314 |
| Minors in a correctional home | Correctional home | 67 | 649 | 16.3 | 27.5 | 22 | KZ-1B/141, KZ-1B/191, KZ-1B/204, KZ1B/220, KZ1/115, KZ1/122, KZ1/123, KZ1/127, KZ1/133, KZ1/135, KZ1/138, KZ1/158, KZ1/186, KZ1/191, KZ1/204, KZ1/205, KZ1/206, KZ1/207, KZ1/208, KZ1/210, KZ1/211, KZ1/213, KZ1/220, KZ1/251, KZ1/286, KZ1/296, KZ1/299 |
| Minors in custody | Ljubljana | 23 | 56 | 18.1 | 23.6 | 21.3 | KZ1/115, KZ1/116, KZ1/191, KZ1/204, KZ1/205, KZ1/296, KZ1/299 |
| Minors in custody | Novo mesto | 11 | 38 | 16.4 | 21.5 | 19.9 | KZ1/115, KZ1/116, KZ1/191, KZ1/204, KZ1/205, KZ1/296, KZ1/299 |
| Minors in custody | Ig | 2 | 18 | 20.9 | 20.9 | 20.9 | KZ1/191 |
| Minors in custody | Celje | 15 | 60 | 19.3 | 23 | 21.1 | KZ1/123, KZ1/186, KZ1/191, KZ1/204, KZ1/205, KZ1/206, KZ1/213, KZ1/243, KZ1/296, KZ1/314, KZ1/324 |
| Minors in custody | Maribor | 4 | 140 | 17.7 | 24.8 | 21.4 | KZ1/116, KZ1/170, KZ1/171, KZ1/173, KZ1/204, KZ1/205, KZ1/296 |
| Minors in custody | Murska Sobota | 1 | 25 | 22.1 | 22.1 | 22.1 | KZ1/122, KZ1/191 |
| Minors in custody | Ljubljana | 23 | 56 | 18.1 | 23.6 | 21.3 | KZ1/115, KZ1/116, KZ1/191, KZ1/204, KZ1/205, KZ1/296, KZ1/299 |
| Minors in custody | Novo mesto | 11 | 38 | 16.4 | 21.5 | 19.9 | KZ1/115, KZ1/116, KZ1/191, KZ1/204, KZ1/205, KZ1/296, KZ1/299 |
| Minors in custody | Ig | 2 | 18 | 20.9 | 20.9 | 20.9 | KZ1/191 |
| Minors in custody | Celje | 15 | 60 | 19.3 | 23 | 21.1 | KZ1/123, KZ1/186, KZ1/191, KZ1/204, KZ1/205, KZ1/206, KZ1/213, KZ1/243, KZ1/296, KZ1/314, KZ1/324 |
| Minors in custody | Maribor | 4 | 140 | 17.7 | 24.8 | 21.4 | KZ1/116, KZ1/170, KZ1/171, KZ1/173, KZ1/204, KZ1/205, KZ1/296 |
| Minors in custody | Murska Sobota | 1 | 25 | 22.1 | 22.1 | 22.1 | KZ1/122, KZ1/191 |
| Juvenile offenders | Celje | 7 | 735 | 17.8 | 25.4 | 22.3 | KZ1/115, KZ1/122, KZ1/205, KZ1/206, KZ1/314 |
| Minors in a correctional home | Correctional home | 67 | 649 | 16.3 | 27.5 | 22 | KZ-1B/141, KZ-1B/191, KZ-1B/204, KZ1B/220, KZ1/115, KZ1/122, KZ1/123, KZ1/127, KZ1/133, KZ1/135, KZ1/138, KZ1/158, KZ1/186, KZ1/191, KZ1/204, KZ1/205, KZ1/206, KZ1/207, KZ1/208, KZ1/210, KZ1/211, KZ1/213, KZ1/220, KZ1/251, KZ1/286, KZ1/296, KZ1/299 |
| Minors in custody | Ljubljana | 23 | 56 | 18.1 | 23.6 | 21.3 | KZ1/115, KZ1/116, KZ1/191, KZ1/204, KZ1/205, KZ1/296, KZ1/299 |
| Minors in custody | Novo mesto | 11 | 38 | 16.4 | 21.5 | 19.9 | KZ1/115, KZ1/116, KZ1/191, KZ1/204, KZ1/205, KZ1/296, KZ1/299 |
| Minors in custody | Ig | 2 | 18 | 20.9 | 20.9 | 20.9 | KZ1/191 |
| Minors in custody | Celje | 15 | 60 | 19.3 | 23 | 21.1 | KZ1/123, KZ1/186, KZ1/191, KZ1/204, KZ1/205, KZ1/206, KZ1/213, KZ1/243, KZ1/296, KZ1/314, KZ1/324 |
| Minors in custody | Maribor | 4 | 140 | 17.7 | 24.8 | 21.4 | KZ1/116, KZ1/170, KZ1/171, KZ1/173, KZ1/204, KZ1/205, KZ1/296 |
| Minors in custody | Murska Sobota | 1 | 25 | 22.1 | 22.1 | 22.1 | KZ1/122, KZ1/191 |

\* The data refer to the period from 2014 until the end of November 2020

**Table 72: Number of people affected due to the criminal offence of Presentation, Manufacture, Possession and Distribution of Pornographic Material pursuant to Article 176 of the Criminal Code (all cases were investigated and prosecuted)**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Number of actual affected people | | Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Article | Description of violation classification | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| 176 | Presentation, Manufacture, Possession and Distribution of Pornographic Material | 14 | 55 | 38 | 69 | 83 | 76 | 74 |

**J. Other**

**Table 73: Resolution on Family Policy 2018–2028 "Society Friendly to all Families"**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Goals | to improve the quality of family life with emphasis on a high quality of life for children |
|  | to provide security and protection for families and individual family members, particularly children |
|  | to create conditions that will encourage people to start a family |
| Objectives | to provide special security and protection for the most vulnerable families and individual family members |
|  | to improve the social and economic position of families and children |
|  | to develop good quality, diverse and widely accessible programmes to support families |
|  | to increase the social inclusion of families and children |
|  | to create conditions facilitating the reconciliation of professional and family life |
|  | to ensure equality between men and women and promote more equal distribution of work related to care and housework |
|  | to provide good quality and accessible care, upbringing and education of children |
|  | to provide a high-quality cultural programme and access to cultural content for children and families |
|  | to provide high-quality and widely accessible healthcare for families with emphasis on the reproductive health of women and men and healthcare for children |
|  | to improve the accessibility of suitable housing, particularly to couples expecting a child and families with small children |
|  | to improve the position of young people and parents in the labour market |
|  | to constantly and systematically monitor areas related to family issues |
| Fundamental principles | inclusion, equality, protection, security and respect |
| Sub-principles | inclusion of the entire population and orientation towards all families |
|  | consideration of the plurality of family forms and different needs arising from this |
|  | respect for the autonomy of a family and the individuality of its members |
|  | protection of children's rights in the family and society and ensuring a good quality of life of children |
|  | promotion of equal opportunities for both genders |
|  | state contribution towards the costs of maintenance of children |
|  | positive discrimination of the most vulnerable families |
|  | measures matching the identified needs of the population |
|  | generality of family policy measures |
| Priority areas | programmes supporting families; parental protection and family benefits; alternative care of children; social assistance to families; reconciliation of professional and family life; labour market and employment; health and healthcare; care, upbringing and education; and housing |

**Table 74: International development cooperation projects**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Project | Project description |
| 6 projects taking place in Haiti, Burundi, Rwanda and Egypt (2013-2016) | Ensuring food security of children, right to adequate housing for families with children, right to education, right to safe drinking water and sanitation, right to health and better living conditions |
| 10 projects (2017 to 2018) carried out in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Gaza, Egypt, Jordan, Morocco, Serbia, Ukraine and Belarus. | Education of children on child rights and projects for health rehabilitation and psychosocial assistance for children |
| The Slovenian project on education for child rights “Our Rights” (2013-2020) was carried out in Albania, Argentina, Austria, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Egypt, Gaza, Georgia, India, Jordan, Kosovo, Morocco, Moldova, Serbia, Russian Federation. | It enabled the youth, mainly children in the stage of development and searching for identity, to become familiar with human rights - their rights and respect for the rights of others. More than 250,000 children from almost all continents took part in the project. |
| 7 projects specifically for Ukrainian and Belarussian children, two projects in Jordan and Palestine, a regional project in the Western Balkans and a project in Bosnia and Herzegovina (2019-2020) | Child rights |

**Table 75: Funds for humanitarian aid intended for children**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | Amount of funds |
| 2013 - 2020 | EUR 340,000 |
| 2013 - 2020 | EUR 325,000 UNRWA, which allocates more than half of the funds to education of children. |

**Table 76: Cases dealt with by the Advocate of the Principle of Equality**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | Cases dealt with |
| 2019 | The Advocate dealt with 274 cases, of which 158 were completed; in approximately 60% of cases counselling was provided and in 40% of cases a procedure to establish discrimination was carried out. The cases most frequently dealt with discrimination on the grounds of gender (14%), followed by race/nationality/ethnic origin (13%), disability (11%), sexual orientation (5%) and age (5%).  The Advocate also dealt with a number of cases where children were involved at least indirectly, e.g. a question whether attending private schools not fully funded from the state budget constitutes discrimination of these children and their parents, a question of an alien with the status of asylum seeker who is not entitled to reduced kindergarten payment for her children |

**Table 77: Activities aimed to create more child-friendly justice**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Activity | Description of activity |
| Brochures (UNICEF and MP) | Preparing children for court. A brochure is intended for children and another one for parents or guardians. The brochures contain explanations of basic concepts regarding the courts and the rights of children in courtrooms; part of the brochures also contains instructions on how to overcome tension and fear before and during their testimony. |
| Libraries | Child-friendly booklets were produced explaining courtroom events in a manner suitable for the child’s age. “Jan and Jana go to court” booklets are intended for children in the age group between 5 and 8 years and the booklet titled “When you have to go to court as a witness” for children aged 9 to 13 years. |
| Education (UNICEF and MP) | Several three-day training sessions on how to conduct a forensic interview were held for judges, court professionals and prosecutors. |

**Table 78: Findings of the MDS addressing the housing problems of Roma**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Year | Conclusions of the report |
| 2017 | In 2017, 6,631 people were living in 83 Roma settlements with all of them having access to drinking water. Water supply from public water supply systems was provided to 5,398 people (81.4%) (the share among the total population of Slovenia is 88.6%) and to 1,201 people from other sources (own drinking water supply, tanks, reservoirs, public water taps). The percentage of Roma connected to the public sewerage system stood at 32.2% (the share of the population connected to the public sewerage system in Slovenia was 62%). |

**Table 79: Project intended for Roma and migrant children**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Project | Project description |
| Provide access to quality pre-school programmes for Roma children and their parents (2014-2016) | The main aim of the project was to develop and carry out various forms of educational work in order to provide access to quality pre-school programmes for Roma children and their parents. In the context of the project, three models of access to quality pre-school programmes were developed through five kindergartens: Model 1: focused on expanding the range of high quality pre-school programmes for Roma children not enrolled in kindergartens, and for their parents; Model 2: focused on increasing the quality of direct educational work in units of the first (0-3) and second (3-6) age group attended by Roma children; Model 3: focused on parallel activities in kindergartens aimed at expanding programmes for Roma children not enrolled in kindergartens, and for their parents, as well as at increasing the quality of direct educational work in units attended by Roma children. |
| Together towards knowledge - development of support mechanisms of gaining knowledge for members of the Roma community | In accordance with the objectives set, the project focus is on educational aspects and to this end, multi-purpose centres host mainly educational activities such as additional learning support to Roma primary and secondary school students as well as various leisure activities for pupils, pre-school children and their parents. Through such activities, the multi-purpose centres and Roma settlements are connected to primary schools, kindergartens and other institutions in the local community. Providers of activity programmes in multi-purpose centres encourage children and youth to integrate successfully into the educational process, develop career goals, increase motivation and interest in completing primary school or continuing their education. The inclusion and active participation of Roma children in multi-purpose centres contribute to an increase in their social and cultural capital. |
| Intercultural Coexistence Challenges (2016-2021) | The project involves both a synthesis of previous practices and the preparation of the Draft programme for the inclusion of migrant children in kindergartens, primary and secondary schools. The draft programme is based on inclusion as the guiding principle and interculturalism as a pedagogical and didactic principle. Moreover, it is based on systemic support, mechanisms for identification of experience, verification and assessment of knowledge, individual plans of activities, mother tongue education and an intensive elementary course of Slovenian language. The emphasis is on education, training of teachers/educators for the development of intercultural competences which are essential for teaching in culturally and linguistically heterogeneous groups and classrooms. Since September 2016, professionals, i.e. multipliers, carried out direct educational activities with migrant children and their parents, pursued their own professional development, provided training for professional staff and followed topical project programmes included in day-to-day activities. They organised local conferences in collaboration with professional teams from schools to get familiarised with the work of various institutions, governmental and non-governmental organisations, migrant and other associations in local communities and enabled their integration. Through such integration/collaboration they outlined the way ahead and the strategy of work in the field of intercultural coexistence by including migrant families and the majority population. |
| Successful social inclusion of Roma - A healthy lifestyle (2017) | The project comprised training of Roma assistants on public health topics, disease prevention and health promotion launched in March 2017. In addition to a group of Roma assistants, healthcare professionals of Roma ethnic background as well as residents from eight selected pilot communities were also involved in the project. In this way, preventive programmes intended for all inhabitants of Slovenia are made more accessible to the vulnerable group of Roma. In 2017, project activities were carried out in two pilot communities and in 2018 in further six communities. The role of the Roma assistants based on such additional skills acquired will be double - as educators of school children and as role models in their community. |
| Reinforcing of national consultation process in Slovenia by establishing/continuing the work and further developing the National Roma platform (SIFOROMA, 2016 - ) implemented by UN | The main aim of the first Siforoma project was to support the national consultation process in Slovenia by establishing a single national Roma platform (NRP). Aim of the following projects (Siforoma 2, Siforoma 3, Siforoma 4) is a continuation and an upgrade of previous one based on their findings, recommendations and conclusions, with the aim of strengthening and further developing the NRP process by mobilising and ensuring continued engagement of all relevant stakeholders at local and national level (national authorities, municipalities, where Roma live, Roma representatives, NGOs etc.).  In order to strengthen cooperation at the local level, the UN provided support and assistance to municipalities with a Roma population in establishing multidisciplinary teams and developing local action plans for the inclusion of Roma with the aim of providing effective solutions to locally specific challenges.  Throughout the project's activities several issues regarding Roma women and children were addressed. The UN is continuing its activities regarding the issue of premature and forced marriages of Roma children and drew up effective measures to systematically and preventively address challenges through a multidisciplinary approach.  Project's activities have clear focus on the implementation of the National Programme of Measures for Roma and on a structured dialogue regarding the monitoring of programme implementation. In the context of project events, emphasis was placed on three key challenges, namely: education and training, stimulation of employment of Roma and health care.  In the context of the project, several focused group discussions, comprehensive discussions, broader discussions between all relevant stakeholders at national/regional/local level and trainings in support of the work of representatives of the Roma community in municipal councils were performed. |

**Table 80: Projects/programmes aimed to include children with a different ethnic identity in activities**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Project (co-)funded by | Project |
| MK | Cultural activity of the Italian national community: children were mainly involved in projects relating to the work of cultural groups and language preservation activities. |
| MK | Cultural activity of the Hungarian national community: children were mainly involved in projects relating to the work of cultural groups and mother tongue preservation activities. The internet cafe at the Banffy Centre (access to internet free of charge) is visited by many young people with a different ethnic identity. |
| MK | Children are included in projects intended for members of the German-speaking community in Slovenia or projects are designed for children. Various institutions and associations selected by the Ministry following calls for tenders carried out projects covering different areas of culture - language courses, workshops, publishing activity, activities of music and folklore groups |
| MK | Projects covering different areas of culture - from book publishing to music and dance, various workshops, language courses, activities of music and folklore groups, performers or participants in events. |

**Table 81: Activities relating to human/child rights**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Title of programme, project, conference, cooperation and year | Description |
| Improving social and civic competencies of professional workers (up to 2021) | The project is focused in improvement of skills of professional workers for more successful inclusion of migrant children in the Slovenian educational system and training of educational system professional workers in seven thematic areas. They include, inter alia: promotion of intercultural dialogue and acceptance of differences, zero tolerance of violence,conflict situation identification, management and resolution, constructive and respectful communication, respect for human rights and freedoms, solidarity and volunteering, exercise of the rights of the Hungarian and Italian national communities, identification and prevention of unhealthy lifestyle. Moreover, the project implements Articles 7 and 8 of the United Nations Declaration on Human Rights Education and Training. |
| Exhibition (2018) | In 2018, a permanent exhibition on the Our Rights project was prominently displayed at the Bičevje Primary School in Ljubljana to raise awareness among adults and children about their rights. Seminars for Slovenian teachers were carried out in the 2016-2018 period on the use of the methodology of this project in Slovenian schools. |
| Conference (2019) | In 2019, an international conference was held at the Faculty of Law in Ljubljana on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the CRC, as well as a conference at the National Council of the Republic of Slovenia titled Slovenia: Friendly for every child? |
| Collaboration (2019) | In the context of the 42nd session of the United Nations Human Rights Council Slovenia was involved in the drafting of the Resolution on human rights education and training, confirming the launch of the fourth phase (2020-2024) of the World Programme for Human Rights Education, with young people as a priority target group. Particular attention will be given to education and training in equality, human rights and non-discrimination, inclusion and respect for diversity. On 9 December 2019, Slovenia launched the fourth phase of the World Programme for Human Rights Education at the UN headquarters in Geneva on the occasion of International Human Rights Day, with the participation of youth and the Deputy High Commissioner for Human Rights at the special “Youth standing for human rights through human rights education” event. At the Paris Headquarters of UNESCO, a colloquium titled “Transformer la vie: le pouvoir de l’education aux droits humains” was held on 13 December 2019, where Slovenia, in collaboration with partners from civil society and international organisations, was actively involved in launching the fourth phase and the related topics promoting the implementation of human rights education. |

**Table 82: ReDP18-28 measures contributing to the elimination of inequalities among children**

|  |
| --- |
| Measure |
| Ensure high quality widely available (equally to everyone) public healthcare and child care and youth support adjusted to their needs |
| Provide high quality preventive healthcare and updated/upgraded programmes and actions for vulnerable children and youth |
| Enhance inclusion of any groups of children in preventive programmes where a lower level of inclusion has been identified (e.g. immigrants) |
| Ensure high quality widely available and free of charge (compulsory) basic education for all pupils |
| Ensure for all pupils high quality, diverse and widely available interest activities during and after the implementation of school programmes |
| Create a school environment in which the highest level of equality and non-discrimination is ensured |

**Table 83: Programmes and projects for children applying for international protection**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Project, training | Description |
| Literacy teaching and learning support project (2019) | The literacy teaching and learning support project provided by Cene Štupar - Ljubljana Public Education Centre included until October 2019 two teaching hours per working day (hereinafter: TH) in all three locations and since October 2019, 4 hours on each working day in the Asylum Centre, 3 THs at the Kotnikova 3 branch and 2 THs in the Logatec branch. A total of 1668 THs of Slovenian language teaching were provided in the context of the project between 1 January 2019 and 31 December 2019 (1271 THs of literacy teaching, 368 THs of learning support and 29 THs of collaborative learning). 114 adult applicants for international protection were included as well as 16 children in learning support. |
| Psychiatric support to applicants for international protection | The project is carried out in the form of 1) a regular weekly dispensary at the Asylum Centre; 2) an emergency service, if necessary in the case of emergency calls and 3) training of social and healthcare workers. Some data: in 2018, the number of applicants receiving regular outpatient service treatment amounted to 222, of whom 35 UMs; 14 applicants needed emergency treatment, of whom 2 UMs; in 2019, the number of applicants receiving regular outpatient service treatment amounted to 472, of whom 25 UMs, and 21 needed emergency treatment, of whom 5 UMs. Most frequently, mood disorders are identified, adjustment disorders due to prolonged exposure to stress and post-traumatic stress disorder due to stressors mainly arising from events in the country of origin and travel-related stressors. |
| PATS programme | According to the data of the Institute for African Studies (IAŠ) 675 treatments were carried out in the last 3-year period, of which in 2018, 246 related to information (28 women, the rest UMs) and in 2019, 214 related to information (9 women, the rest UMs). 5 UMs and 1 woman needed further treatment. On the occasion of European Anti-Trafficking Day, the IAŠ organised each year 3 group workshops for male adults at the Vič Asylum Centre and for women at the Logatec branch. |

**2. SPECIFIC COMMENTARY ON THE REPORT ON COVID-19 MEASURES**

The Government of the Republic of Slovenia has adopted 8 packages of measures to mitigate and remedy the consequences of the COVID-19 epidemic for the population and the economy. There are also many measures that are helping and improving the situation of children and families during the epidemic. Due to COVID-19 several measures were adopted to help families:

1. The solidarity benefit of EUR 150 was intended for the recipients of maternity/parental allowance below minimum wage, recipients of parental benefit, recipients of special childcare allowance, recipients of partial payment for loss of income, and foster parents.
2. Families with one or two children who receive child benefit in the first to sixth income brackets, are entitled to EUR 30 per child.
3. Large families with three children will receive, in addition to the allowance they already receive, a one-time allowance of EUR 100 and families with four or more children EUR 200.
4. All families with children, who have permanent or temporary residence and actually reside in Republic of Slovenia and are under 18 are entitled to 50 EUR per child.
5. The solidarity benefit of 100 EUR for every month with declared epidemic is intended for the recipients of special childcare allowance.
6. The solidarity benefit of 500 EUR is intended for the parents of newborns from 1. 1. 2020 until one year after the end of epidemic with permanent residence in the Republic of Slovenia.
7. All students in secondary school over 18 who have permanent or temporary residence in Republic of Slovenia are entitled to 50 EUR.

Additional measures adopted to help vulnerable population groups who need help because they have low incomes (therefore also for families and children):

8. A one-off solidarity bonus in the amount of EUR 150 EUR for the recipients of financial social assistance of income support for April 2020.

9. An automatic extension of the rights from public funds by one month (financial social assistance, income support, rent subsidy, state scholarship, subsided kindergarten costs, subsidised school meals, child benefit) - the measure relieved SWCs of the procedures to extend the rights from public funds and enabled faster decisions on new applications from parties and on applications in which parties report changes and which are submitted due to deterioration of their social situation due to Covid-19.

10. In financial social assistance, income support, both healthcare rights under the ZUPJS and subsidised rent, assets are not taken into account, with the exception of savings and securities. The measure enabled that the above-mentioned rights are awarded to the persons who had not been eligible until then because they owned assets that they could not dispose of during the period of extraordinary measures.

Vulnerable social groups may, in accordance with the valid Article 33 of the Social Assistance Payments Act, always ask to be awarded extraordinary financial social assistance also to cover extraordinary costs incurred due to a natural disaster or force majeure. The Covid-19 epidemic and the extraordinary measures that were consequently adopted represent force majeure. If an individual or a family incurs extraordinary costs related to subsistence due to epidemic being declared, they may submit an application for extraordinary financial social assistance in order to cover these costs.

During the Covid-19 epidemic, the MDDSZ adopted various measures in the field of prevention of domestic violence that will help improve the situation, and in particular contribute to greater safety and protection of victims of domestic violence. The following measures were adopted in 2020:

11. Communication with SWCs was improved.

12. Domestic violence and all other urgent matters under the Domestic Violence Prevention Act (hereinafter referred to as: ZPND) are defined in the instructions for providers of social protection services as urgent cases, for which a SWC performs public powers and other tasks related to the need to protect an individual without disruption and, when necessary, also by means of personal visits to parties. In addition to the mentioned, also belonging to urgent tasks are measures to protect the best interests of the child under the FC, while intervention services also work without disruption. Providers thus resolve the distress of victims of violence personally, while they are also available for conversations by telephone or e-mail. Special telephone lines are also established for people in distress.

13. Cooperation has been strengthened with the police, with which the MDDSZ has harmonised the instructions for investigation of domestic violence and procedures when infection or symptoms of infection are detected in the victim of a perpetrator of violence.

14. The Public call for applications for co-financing of projects to assist the most vulnerable population groups due to the Covid-19 epidemic and mitigation of its consequences has been carried out. The purpose of the public call for applications was to implement projects that would provide innovative approaches to addressing and eliminating the social distress in which vulnerable groups have found themselves in due to the Covid-19 epidemic. The public call for applications determined victims of violence to be one of the target groups. Four programmes that directly address the issue of violence or select victims of violence as the target group have been selected as part of the public call for applications. The total amount of co-funding of the project is EUR 1,911,951.66.

15. As part of the international days combating violence against women, the MDDSZ has paid particular attention to online violence and the harassment of women and girls. The mass use of the internet and social media has significantly increased since the outbreak of the epidemic, especially during the lockdown, which has exposed women and men, and girls and boys even more to this form of violence. The media campaign #Odklikni, with which public awareness was raised about the issue and proportions of online harassment and violence in Slovenia, was repeated in November 2020. It was also emphasised that children, youth and their parents also have at their disposal a tool to use if they are faced with the issue of online violence and harassment in the form of the Odklikni mobile app. The app enables them to gain knowledge with which it is easier to recognise such forms of violence and equips them with tops that may help them to protect themselves.

16. While planning funds for 2021, funds for family support programmes were increased significantly - from EUR 668,118.32 for 2020 to EUR 978,000.00 for 2021. Family support programmes focus on various forms of assistance to families, reduce various risks and improve the quality of life of families. These are quality and widely accessible programmes, based on modern concepts of support and (self)help, that contribute to reducing inequalities in society and increasing social inclusion of families and individuals, improve the situation of vulnerable families, etc. Programmes are primarily intended for children, adolescents and their families. These programmes also address the issue of domestic violence, as its incidence is being reduced through counselling and education. We may also emphasise that family support programmes have also been implemented without disruption during the epidemic. Programmes have been responding and have been adjusted accordingly considering the situation (more telephone counselling, electronic correspondence, web seminars, etc.).

17. In 2020 the MDDSZ co-financed 35 programmes intended for prevention of violence. Among all programmes for prevention of violence, there were 21 accommodation programmes. As part of this set of programmes, there were 8 women's shelters (with a capacity of around 180 beds) and 13 safe houses (with a capacity of around 270 beds). Furthermore, the MDDSZ co-financed 12 counselling offices, including one sub-programme intended for training of social skills for perpetrators of violence, one programme intended for prevention of elder abuse and one telephone counselling programme. In 2020, violence prevention programmes received a total of EUR 3,342,550.00 from the MDDSZ. A total of 11,237 persons were included in violence prevention programmes in 2019. Social protection programmes intended for prevention of violence were performed without disruptions last year. Providers adjusted their activities accordingly (in accordance with the current measures and recommendations), while being available at all times via the telephone, e-mail or video call. Activities as part of the majority of programmes were implemented remotely, and some were implemented individually or in small groups. Programmes enhanced their consultancy role and promotion of their contact addresses. Accommodation programmes continued to be implemented without changes, with consideration of instructions from the National Public Health Institute (NIJZ). In the case of urgent accommodation, providers accept a user even in the case when she has tested positive or displays symptoms. If accommodation is not urgent, the provider waits for the user to recover from the disease at home. In the case that the user is not able to quarantine at home or elsewhere, the accommodation capacities of the Health Ministry are available. Providers of accommodation programmes have also been provided with protective equipment in cooperation with the Health Ministry and the Civil Protection. The MDDSZ has also enhanced cooperation with providers of social protection programmes for the prevention of violence. They have been called to enhance and upgrade their counselling services for users. The MDDSZ also encourages providers to additionally raise awareness in the public about the issue of domestic violence, and to inform victims to whom they can turn to if they experience domestic violence. For this purpose, the website gov.si has also been updated and upgraded with information on the forms of assistance that are available in the case of violence.

18. As part of the Task force for preparations for the second weave of the epidemic, the Social Protection Institute has drafted a Report on the activities of providers during the epidemic. Protocols for providers of accommodation programmes (for accommodation and acting in the case of infection inside the programme) have been prepared.

19. We have acceded to signing an agreement to establish an EU number for assistance to victims of violence against women where victims of violence against women and victims of domestic violence will get adequate information and support anywhere in Europe.

20. As of 1 January 2021, the Association SOS Help-Line for Women and Children - Victims of Violence operates a consultancy help-line 24/7. Victims of violence may call without any reservation to the free, confidential and anonymous telephone number 080 11 55. Programmes of the Association SOS Help-Line for Women and Children - Victims of Violence are mostly co-funded by the MDDSZ.

21. Telephone for Children and Adolescents - TOM has been operated as part of the Slovenian Association of Friends of Youth (ZPMS) since 2014 with the purpose of providing psychosocial assistance to children and adolescents in distress. It has been operated as a consultancy office via telephone, e-mail, as an online chartroom and as a web portal. The number of people who contacted the TOM helpline has increased during the epidemic: calls related to the family and relations within the family, as well as relations with peers, psychological conditions, such as, for example, depression, lack of physical contact with peers, various abuses, suicide and suicidal ideation, etc. At the time of crisis, the mentioned forms of assistance provide children and adolescents with the feeling of safety, acceptance and compassion. During the first wave of the epidemic, the TOM helpline extended its working hours to between 10 a.m. and 8 p.m. (it otherwise operates between noon and 8 p.m.).

22. In cooperation with the Government Communication Office, the MDDSZ prepared information about contact telephone counselling sessions for victims of violence and people in psychological distress. Then NIJZ has also published the numbers of telephone counselling offices of the programme providers in relation to Covid-19.

23. Due to the risk of growing violence against vulnerable groups in the family during the epidemic, a training session was organised in the spring of 2020 for 50 professional staff of SWCs and for professional staff for the field of prevention of domestic violence, with an emphasis on recognising elder violence and taking appropriate measures. Two training sessions were also organised last year for professional staff of SWCs on the topic of supervised visitation.

In addition to the above direct measures in the packages to mitigate the impact of the epidemic in Slovenia, support for children should also be seen through maintaining the income of their parents in times of economic downturn. In this area, Slovenia set up two main schemes to preserve employment: temporary lay-off that enables a subsidy of up to 80% of wages from mid-March 2020 onwards, and the short working time scheme in implementation from June 2020 onwards.

If institutional care of a child is not possible (children up to and including the 5th grade of elementary school) and the employee is unable to perform work, it is possible to claim the measure of absence from work due to force majeure. For such absence, compensation is granted in the amount of 80% of the basic wage.

Children who receive a lunch subsidy at school are entitled to a free lunch or snack during distance learning.

**3. REFERENCES**

**Regulations published in** **the Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia:**

Family Code (DZ)[[1]](#footnote-1)

Resolution on the Family Policy 2018–2028: “A Society Friendly to All Families” (ReDP18-28)[[2]](#footnote-2)

Resolution on the National Programme for Young People 2013–2022 (ReNPM13-22)[[3]](#footnote-3)

International Protection Act (ZMZ)[[4]](#footnote-4)

Parental Protection and Family Benefits Act (ZSDP)[[5]](#footnote-5)

Fiscal Balance Act (ZUJF)[[6]](#footnote-6)

Resolution on the International Development Cooperation and Humanitarian Aid of the Republic of Slovenia (ReMRSHP)[[7]](#footnote-7)

Declaration on the foreign policy of the Republic of Slovenia (DeZPRS)[[8]](#footnote-8)

Human Rights Ombudsman Act (ZVarCP).[[9]](#footnote-9)

Kindergartens Act (ZVrt)[[10]](#footnote-10)

Organisation and Financing of Education Act (ZOFVI)[[11]](#footnote-11)

Rules of Procedure of the Slovenian Government[[12]](#footnote-12)

Resolution on Legislative Regulation[[13]](#footnote-13)

Criminal Procedure Act (ZKP)[[14]](#footnote-14)

Constitution of the Republic of Slovenia (URS)[[15]](#footnote-15)

Protection Against Discrimination Act (ZVarD)[[16]](#footnote-16)

Roma Community in the Republic of Slovenia Act (ZRomS-1)[[17]](#footnote-17)

Construction Act (GZ)[[18]](#footnote-18)

Resolution on the National Programme for Culture, 2014–2017 (ReNPK14–17)[[19]](#footnote-19)

Civil Union Act (ZPZ)[[20]](#footnote-20)

Non-Contentious Civil Procedure Act (ZNP-1)[[21]](#footnote-21)

Aliens Act (ZTuj-2)[[22]](#footnote-22)

Police Tasks and Powers Act (ZNPPol)[[23]](#footnote-23)

Resolution on National Road Safety from 2013 to 2022 (ReNPVCP13-22)[[24]](#footnote-24)

Register of Deaths, Births and Marriages Act (ZMatR)[[25]](#footnote-25)

Personal Name Act (ZOI-1)[[26]](#footnote-26)

Act Regulating the Compensation for Damage Sustained as a Result of Erasure from the Register of Permanent Residents (ZPŠOIRSP)[[27]](#footnote-27)

Act Regulating the Legal Status of Citizens of Former Yugoslavia Living in the Republic of Slovenia (ZUSDDD-B)[[28]](#footnote-28)

Citizenship of the Republic of Slovenia Act (ZDRS)[[29]](#footnote-29)

Freedom of Religion Act (ZVS)[[30]](#footnote-30)

Prevention of Domestic Violence Act (ZPND)[[31]](#footnote-31)

Resolution on the National Programme for Language Policy 2014-2018 (ReNPJP14–18)[[32]](#footnote-32)

[Audiovisual Media Services Act](https://www.findinfo.si/medijsko-sredisce/Zakoni/Besedilo.aspx?SOPI=Z11E83GT) (ZAvMS)[[33]](#footnote-33)

Rules on restraining order[[34]](#footnote-34)

Rules on cooperation between the police and other authorities in the detection and prevention of domestic violence[[35]](#footnote-35)

Rules on the organisation and work of multidisciplinary teams and regional services and on the activities of social work centres[[36]](#footnote-36)

Resolution on the National Mental Health Programme 2018-2028 (ReNPDZ18–28)[[37]](#footnote-37)

Enforcement of Criminal Sanctions Act (ZIKS-1)[[38]](#footnote-38)

Courts Act (ZS)[[39]](#footnote-39)

Enforcement and Security Act (ZIZ)[[40]](#footnote-40)

Provision of Foster Care Act (ZIRD)[[41]](#footnote-41)

Act ratifying the Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction[[42]](#footnote-42)

Placement of Children with Special Needs Act (ZUOPP-1)[[43]](#footnote-43)

Integrated Early Treatment of Preschool Children with Special Needs Act (ZOPOPP)[[44]](#footnote-44)

Resolution on National Health Care Plan 2016-2025 “Together for a society of health” (ReNPZV16–25)[[45]](#footnote-45)

Resolution on the National Programme on Nutrition and Physical Activity for Health 2015–2025 (ReNPPTDZ)[[46]](#footnote-46)

Resolution on the National Programme on Illicit Drugs 2014–2020 (ReNPPD14–20)[[47]](#footnote-47)

Resolution on the National Social Care Programme 2013-2020 (ReNPSV13-20)[[48]](#footnote-48)

Social Assistance Act (ZSV)[[49]](#footnote-49)

Exercise of Rights from Public Funds Act (ZUPJS)[[50]](#footnote-50)

Social Assistance Payments Act (ZSVarPre)[[51]](#footnote-51)

Basic School Act (ZOsn)[[52]](#footnote-52)

Decree on the methods and conditions for ensuring the rights of applicants for international protection[[53]](#footnote-53)

Decree on the implementation of the statutory representation of unaccompanied minors and the method of ensuring adequate accommodation, care and treatment of unaccompanied minors outside the Asylum Centre or a branch thereof[[54]](#footnote-54)

Act ratifying the Council of Europe Convention on Action against Trafficking in Human Beings (MKUTL.)[[55]](#footnote-55)

Employment Relationships Act[[56]](#footnote-56)

Minimum Wage Act (ZMinP)[[57]](#footnote-57)

Crime Victim Compensation Act (ZOZKD)[[58]](#footnote-58)

Code of Obligations (OZ)[[59]](#footnote-59)

Act ratifying the Optional Protocol to the CRC on a Communication Procedure (MIPKOPSK)[[60]](#footnote-60)

Decree on the procedure for preparing the response of the Government of the Republic of Slovenia to the Committee as regards the communications procedure[[61]](#footnote-61)

General Upper Secondary School Act (ZGim-UPB1)[[62]](#footnote-62)

Vocational Education and Training Act (ZPSI)[[63]](#footnote-63)

**Regulations not published in** **the Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia**

National Programme of Measures for Roma for the Period 2010–2015 (NPUR 2010-2015)

National Programme of Measures for Roma for the Period 2017–2021 (NPUR 2017–2021)

Programme for Children 2020-2025 (PO20-25)

**4. ABBREVIATIONS**

**Ministries, government offices and services**

Ministry of the Environment and Spatial Planning (MOP)

Ministry of the Interior (MNZ)

Ministry of Infrastructure (MZI)

Ministry of Finance (MF)

Ministry of Public Administration (MJU)

Ministry of Justice (MP)

Ministry of Education, Science and Sport, (MIZŠ)

Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Food (MKGP)

Ministry of Health (MZ)

Ministry of Culture (MK)

Ministry of Economic Development and Technology (MGRT)

Ministry of Defence (MORS)

Government Office for National Minorities (UN)

Government Office for the Support and Integration of Migrants (UOIM)

Government Communication Office (UKOM)

**Other**

Republic of Slovenia (RS)

Educational institution (VIZ)

Nursery school (VVZ)

Judicial Training Centre (CIP)

Social work centre (CSD)

Non-governmental organisations (NGO)

Interdepartmental working group (MDS)

National Institute of Public Health (NIJZ)

Slovenian Association of Friends of Youth (ZPMS)

Arts and cultural education (KUV)

National Education Institute (ZRSŠ)

Legal-information Centre for NGOs (PIC)

Association of Social Work Centres of Slovenia (SCSD)

Unaccompanied minors (UMs)

1. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [15/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-0729), [21/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-0887) – ZNOrg, [22/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-0917) and [67/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-2936) – ZMatR-C in 200/20 – ZOOMTVI [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [15/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-0655) [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
3. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [90/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-3261) [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
4. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [16/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-0803) [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
5. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [26/14](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2014-01-1068), [90/15](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2015-01-3502), [75/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-3595) – ZUPJS-G, [14/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-0587) and [81/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-3720) [↑](#footnote-ref-5)
6. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. 40/12, 96/12 – ZPIZ-2, 104/12 – ZIPRS1314, 105/12, 25/13 – Constitutional Court Decision, 46/13 – ZIPRS1314-A, 56/13 – ZŠtip-1, 63/13 – ZOsn-I, 63/13 – ZJAKRS-A, 99/13 – ZUPJS-C, 99/13 – ZSVarPre-C, 101/13 – ZIPRS1415, 101/13 – ZDavNepr, 107/13 – Constitutional Court Decision, 85/14, 95/14, 24/15 – Constitutional Court Decision, 90/15, 102/15, 63/16 – ZDoh-2R, 77/17 – ZMVN-1, 33/19 – ZMVN-1A and 72/19 [↑](#footnote-ref-6)
7. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [54/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-2441) [↑](#footnote-ref-7)
8. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [53/15](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2015-01-2197) [↑](#footnote-ref-8)
9. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [69/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-3271) [↑](#footnote-ref-9)
10. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [100/05](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2005-01-4349) – official consolidated text, [25/08](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2008-01-0911), [98/09](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2009-01-4285) – ZIUZGK, [36/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-1737), [62/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-3387) – ZUPJS, [94/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-4935) – ZIU, [40/12](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2012-01-1700) – ZUJF, [14/15](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2015-01-0505) – ZUUJFO and [55/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-2525) [↑](#footnote-ref-10)
11. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [16/07](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2007-01-0718) – official consolidated text, [36/08](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2008-01-1460), [58/09](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2009-01-2871), [64/09 – corr.](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2009-21-3033), [65/09 – corr.](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2009-21-3051), [20/11](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2011-01-0821), [40/12](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2012-01-1700) – ZUJF, [57/12](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2012-01-2410) – ZPCP-2D, [47/15](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2015-01-1934), [46/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-1999), [49/16 – corr.](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-21-2169) and [25/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-1324) – ZVaj [↑](#footnote-ref-11)
12. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [43/01](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2001-01-2438), [23/02 corr.](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2002-21-0047), [54/03](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2003-01-2693), [103/03](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2003-01-4610), [114/04](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2004-01-4708), [26/06](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2006-01-1063), [21/07](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2007-01-0986), [32/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-1482), [73/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-4027), [95/11](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2011-01-4102), [64/12](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2012-01-2579) and

    [10/14](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2014-01-0248) [↑](#footnote-ref-12)
13. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [95/09](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2009-01-4117) [↑](#footnote-ref-13)
14. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [32/12](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2012-01-1405) – official consolidated text, [47/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-1782), [87/14](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2014-01-3503), [8/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-0293) – Constitutional Court Decision, [64/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-2762) – Constitutional Court Decision, [65/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-2798) – Constitutional Court Decision, [66/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-3091) – ORZKP153,154, [22/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-0915), [55/20](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2020-01-0819) – Constitutional Court Decision and [89/20](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2020-01-1450) – Constitutional Court Decision [↑](#footnote-ref-14)
15. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [33/91-I](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=1991-01-1409), [42/97](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=1997-01-2341) – UZS68, [66/00](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2000-01-3052) – UZ80, [24/03](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2003-01-0899) – UZ3a, 47, 68, [69/04](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2004-01-3088) – UZ14, [69/04](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2004-01-3090) – UZ43, [69/04](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2004-01-3092) – UZ50, [68/06](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2006-01-2951) – UZ121,140,143, [47/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-1777) – UZ148, [47/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-1779) – UZ90,97,99 and [75/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-3208) – UZ70a [↑](#footnote-ref-15)
16. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. 33/16 and 21/18 – ZNOrg [↑](#footnote-ref-16)
17. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [33/07](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2007-01-1762) [↑](#footnote-ref-17)
18. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [61/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-2914), [72/17 – corr.](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-21-3507) and [65/20](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2020-01-0978) [↑](#footnote-ref-18)
19. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [99/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-3551) [↑](#footnote-ref-19)
20. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [33/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-1426) [↑](#footnote-ref-20)
21. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [16/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-0613) [↑](#footnote-ref-21)
22. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [1/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-0001) – official consolidated text, [9/18 – corr.](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-21-0408) and [62/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-2761) – Constitutional Court Decision [↑](#footnote-ref-22)
23. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [15/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-0435), [23/15 – corr.](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2015-21-0990), [10/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-0462), [46/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-2213) – Constitutional Court Decision and [47/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-2290) [↑](#footnote-ref-23)
24. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [39/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-1518) [↑](#footnote-ref-24)
25. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [11/11](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2011-01-0451) – official consolidated text and [67/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-2936) [↑](#footnote-ref-25)
26. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. 43/19 [↑](#footnote-ref-26)
27. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [99/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-3547), [24/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-1060) – Constitutional Court Decision and [85/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-4194) [↑](#footnote-ref-27)
28. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [50/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-2648) [↑](#footnote-ref-28)
29. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [24/07](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2007-01-1211) – official consolidated text and [40/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-2003) [↑](#footnote-ref-29)
30. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [14/07](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2007-01-0599), [46/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-2334) – Constitutional Court Decision, [40/12](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2012-01-1700) – ZUJF and [100/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-3604) [↑](#footnote-ref-30)
31. Official Gazette of the Republic, Nos. [16/08](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2008-01-0487), [68/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-2931) and [54/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-2437) – ZSV-H [↑](#footnote-ref-31)
32. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [62/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-2475) [↑](#footnote-ref-32)
33. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [84/15](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2015-01-3304) [↑](#footnote-ref-33)
34. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [49/14](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2014-01-2027) [↑](#footnote-ref-34)
35. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [25/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-1100) [↑](#footnote-ref-35)
36. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [31/09](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2009-01-1386) and [42/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-2145) [↑](#footnote-ref-36)
37. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [24/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-1046) [↑](#footnote-ref-37)
38. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. 110/06 – official consolidated text, 76/08, 40/09, 9/11 – ZP-1G, 96/12 – ZPIZ-2, 109/12, 54/15 and 11/18 [↑](#footnote-ref-38)
39. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [94/07](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2007-01-4686) – official consolidated text, [45/08](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2008-01-1982), [96/09](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2009-01-4178), [86/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-4655) – ZJNepS, [33/11](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2011-01-1589), [75/12](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2012-01-2849) – ZSPDSLS-A, [63/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-2514), [17/15](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2015-01-0624), [23/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-1205) – ZSSve, [22/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-0944) – ZSICT and [16/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-0613) – ZNP-1 [↑](#footnote-ref-39)
40. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [3/07](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2007-01-0098) – official consolidated text, [93/07](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2007-01-4598), [37/08](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2008-01-1524) – ZST-1, [45/08](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2008-01-1979) – ZArbit, [28/09](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2009-01-1187), [51/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-2762), [26/11](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2011-01-1157), [17/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-0574) – Constitutional Court Decision, [45/14](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2014-01-1839) – Constitutional Court Decision, [53/14](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2014-01-2342), [58/14](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2014-01-2548) – Constitutional Court Decision, [54/15](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2015-01-2226), [76/15](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2015-01-2981) – Constitutional Court Decision, [11/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-0458), [53/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-2439) – Constitutional Court Decision, [66/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-2928) – ZDavP-2M and [23/20](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2020-01-0553) – SPZ-B [↑](#footnote-ref-40)
41. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [110/02](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2002-01-5388), [56/06](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2006-01-2364) – Constitutional Court Decision, [114/06](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2006-01-4833) – ZUTPG, [96/12](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2012-01-3693) – ZPIZ-2, [109/12](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2012-01-4322) and [22/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-0918) [↑](#footnote-ref-41)
42. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia – International Treaties, Nos. [6/93](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=1993-02-0031) and [14/12](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2012-02-0085) [↑](#footnote-ref-42)
43. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [58/11](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2011-01-2714), [40/12](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2012-01-1700) – ZUJF, [90/12](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2012-01-3531) and [41/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-2065) – ZOPOPP [↑](#footnote-ref-43)
44. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [41/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-2065) [↑](#footnote-ref-44)
45. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [25/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-0999) [↑](#footnote-ref-45)
46. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [58/15](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2015-01-2441) [↑](#footnote-ref-46)
47. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [25/14](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2014-01-0968) [↑](#footnote-ref-47)
48. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [39/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-1517) [↑](#footnote-ref-48)
49. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [3/07](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2007-01-0100) – official consolidated text, [23/07 – corr.](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2007-21-1207), [41/07 – corr.](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2007-21-2284), [61/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-3350) – ZSVarPre, [62/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-3387) – ZUPJS, [57/12](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2012-01-2404), [39/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-1707), [52/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-2294) – ZPPreb-1, [15/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-0729) – DZ, [29/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-1524), [54/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-2437), [21/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-0887) – ZNOrg, [31/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-1403) – ZOA-A and [28/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-1329) [↑](#footnote-ref-49)
50. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [62/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-3387), [40/11](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2011-01-1910), [40/12](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2012-01-1700) – ZUJF, [57/12](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2012-01-2410) – ZPCP-2D, [14/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-0370), [56/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-2139) – ZŠtip-1, [99/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-3548), [14/15](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2015-01-0505) – ZUUJFO, [57/15](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2015-01-2374), [90/15](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2015-01-3503), [38/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-1639) – Constitutional Court Decision, [51/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-2254) – Constitutional Court Decision, [88/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-3928), [61/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-2917) – ZUPŠ, [75/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-3595), [77/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-3752) and [47/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-2286) [↑](#footnote-ref-50)
51. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [61/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-3350), [40/11](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2011-01-1911), [14/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-0371), [99/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-3549), [90/15](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2015-01-3501), [88/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-3926), [31/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-1406) and [73/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-3573) [↑](#footnote-ref-51)
52. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [81/06](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2006-01-3535) – official consolidated text, [102/07](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2007-01-5073), [107/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-5585), [87/11](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2011-01-3727), [40/12](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2012-01-1700) – ZUJF, [63/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-2519) and [46/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-1999) – ZOFVI-L [↑](#footnote-ref-52)
53. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. 27/17 [↑](#footnote-ref-53)
54. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [35/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-1926) [↑](#footnote-ref-54)
55. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia – International Treaties, No. [14/09](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2009-02-0061) [↑](#footnote-ref-55)
56. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [21/13](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-01-0784), [78/13 – corr.](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2013-21-2826), [47/15](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2015-01-1930) – ZZSDT, [33/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-1428) – PZ-F, [52/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-2296), [15/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-0741) – Constitutional Court Decision, [22/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-0914) – ZPosS and [81/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-3722) [↑](#footnote-ref-56)
57. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [13/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-0519), [92/15](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2015-01-3610) and [83/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-4067) [↑](#footnote-ref-57)
58. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [101/05](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2005-01-4394), [114/06](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2006-01-4831) – ZUE and [86/10](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2010-01-4657) [↑](#footnote-ref-58)
59. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [97/07](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2007-01-4826) – official consolidated text, [64/16](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2016-01-2761) – Constitutional Court Decision and [20/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-0865) – OROZ631 [↑](#footnote-ref-59)
60. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia – International Treaties, No. [3/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-02-0009) [↑](#footnote-ref-60)
61. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, No. [4/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-0067) [↑](#footnote-ref-61)
62. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [1/07](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2007-01-0002) – official consolidated text, [68/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-3193), [6/18](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2018-01-0222) – ZIO-1 and [46/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-2180) [↑](#footnote-ref-62)
63. Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia, Nos. [79/06](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2006-01-3449), [68/17](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2017-01-3194) and [46/19](http://www.uradni-list.si/1/objava.jsp?sop=2019-01-2179) [↑](#footnote-ref-63)